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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 234 BOMBAY: MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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WE MUST CARRY OUT HIS COMMANDS

Best Homage To Mahatma

LEADERS' CALL TO THE NATION

Solemn Observance Of Gandhi Jayanti

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE Nation remembered its Father today, when meetings were held all over the country, to celebrate the eightieth birth-day of Mahatma Gandhi, two years after he was martyred in the cause of unity.

It was a day of dedication and thanksgiving. Leaders exhorted the people to pay their homage to the departed leader by fulfilling his mission.

Speaking at Delhi, Pandit Nehru said: "The extent to which we are able to solve our food, clothing and refugee problems will mainly depend on how far we are able to put into practice the teachings of Mahatma and the path shown by him".

The Sardar in his broadcast to the nation appealed to the people to produce all that they needed. He cried a halt to agitation, which he said can wait till our pressing problems are solved.

In Delhi, thousands of persons, male and female, old and young threaded towards Rajghat from early hours of the dawn to pay their respectful homage to the Father of the Nation.

The meeting held on the Chaupatty sands in Bombay, when recitations from the holy books of all religions were made, reminded one of the prayer meetings held by Gandhiji.

Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, were among those who visited the Rajghat in the capital early this morning and placed wreaths and flowers at the samadhi.

Floral wreaths of beautiful Kashmir flowers which were specially flown from Srinagar yesterday at the instance of the Kashmir Premier, Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah, were also placed at the samadhi by a representative of the Kashmir Government in New Delhi.

SPECIAL PRAYERS

At 8 a.m. a special one-hour prayer ceremony was held attended by the Prime Minister, some of the close associates of Gandhiji, and a large gathering of men, women, and children. The entire ceremony was relayed by the All-India Radio. The prayers were accompanied by the singing of some of the favourite bhajans of Gandhiji and "Ramdhun".

The samadhi was decorated in multi-coloured flowers and sweet-smelling incense. At the entrance of the samadhi was a small box in which people poured their contributions for the Harijan Fund.

The 81-hour non-stop mass spinning programme which began on Thursday at Rajghat ended today, when a large number of spinners joined the ceremony.

Prabhat Pherries, spinning demonstrations, and meetings were held in various parts of the city in observance of the day.

The New Delhi Y.M.C.A. observed anniversary today by opening an adult education class with an initial strength of 40.

BARODA: Mahatma Gandhi's portrait depicting the Dandi March pose, presided over a public meeting held this evening to celebrate Gandhi Jayanti.

Adorned with a garland of khadi yarn, the portrait occupied the chair at the centre of the platform.

Simple Ceremony In London

LONDON, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter): The anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's birthday 80 years ago was observed in London today with the utmost simplicity.

The Indian colony met at India House in the morning. The beautiful galleried library was draped with the tricolour. Around V. R. Rao's liefsize portrait of Mahatma Gandhi striding along in a dhoti across some sunlit courtyard was a 20-foot wreath of yellow chrysanthemums—the last floral gold remaining in England's autumn.

(For Reports from other centres, Please see Page 7)

It Was A Day To Remember

Highlights of the day—the 80th birthday of the Mahatma—were public meetings, and mass spinning, besides inauguration of new reforms in some provinces and states.

In Madras Province, separation of the Judiciary from the Executive was introduced in two districts, Chingleput and North Arcot. The day also marked the completion of the first anniversary of total prohibition in the province.

Collections for a Rs. 170-crore Zamindary Abolition Fund to pay compensation to zamindars commenced in the United Provinces today.

In Saurashtra Union total prohibition, was introduced.

Special Gandhi Jayanti programmes were broadcast from different stations of All India Radio on the day.

In India's capital the day began with prayers and spinning at Mahatma Gandhi's Samadhi at Rajghat, Prime Minister Pandit Nehru being among the participants.

Salute To The Mahatma

Gandhi Jayanti was celebrated on Sunday morning at Robert Money High School compound. Photo shows (left) Shri S. K. Patil unfurling the National Flag (right) Mr. Patil addressing the gathering.

CHOICE BETWEEN ATOM BOMB AND MAHATMA

Nehru Says We Have Failed To Follow His Lead

NEW DELHI, Oct. 2 (UPI).

PANDIT NEHRU, Prime Minister, said here this evening that in the world of today when all around there was a lot of talk about war, the only choice before the people was between the atom bomb and the Gandhian way.

The Prime Minister, who was addressing a public meeting held in Queens Gardens to observe the birth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi, said: "The people of the world must either accept the atom bomb and its disastrous consequences, or devise some other way out, which, obviously could be, no other than the Gandhian way of truth, love and unity."

Others who addressed the meeting were Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, and Mr. Asaf Ali, Governor of Orissa.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that the knotty problems of the "war-ravaged" world could be solved in no time if all countries understood and followed the "new path" shown by Mahatma Gandhi.

The Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who was unable to be present, in a message read out at the meeting, said: "If we remind ourselves of Gandhiji's principles, which we have forgotten, and come back to the right path, we shall have found the true method of remembering him."

Pandit Nehru told his audience that on the eve of his departure for America, he was in a fix as to what message he would take to the people of that country on behalf of his own countrymen. Obviously, he could carry the message of Mahatma Gandhi and tell them, quite a lot about it as well as about the benefits which the country had received because of him. But all this Pandit Nehru added, had become a part of history and as such could not be repeated.

What the people of America were interested to know was the extent to which India was following the teachings of Gandhiji. "If this question is to be asked to me then in all frankness I will have to admit that we had not been able to follow his path in the true sense of the word.

We have respect and love for him, we remember him also off and on, but may be because of circumstances we have not been able to stick to his path. This is something to which we must devote attention" he added.

Speaking in refreshingly confident and reassuring tone, Panditji said that the economy of the country was essentially sound. Although at present the country was faced with economic difficulties which were likely to continue or even increase during the next two, three or even four years, yet he was confident that the country would be able to surmount those difficulties and forge ahead successfully into the future which was bound to be bright.

In the course of his one hour speech, the Prime Minister spoke at considerable length and with marked frankness about a number of important problems, including the food refugees, the evacuee property, trade and commerce, devaluation of rupee in terms of dollars and the economy drive of the Government.

Giving an encouraging account of the food position in the country, he made an optimistic announcement that the Government might be able to stop the import of foodgrains much earlier than 1951, the time limit they had already fixed.

He appealed to businessmen and captains of industry and commerce to co-operate with the Government in solving the major problems of the country. He told them that every mode of economy in the world was undergoing a test as to how far it could solve the problems of the society, and how far it could improve the conditions of the common man. "If the economy on which our society is based fails to solve the major problem facing the country and to ameliorate the conditions of common man, it will have to change drastically".

Regarding the question of evacuee property, the Prime Minister said that the position regarding 99 per cent of evacuee property was clear. Its owners had migrated to Pakistan and it naturally vested in the hands of the Custodian. As regards remaining one per cent further action was under consideration of the Government.

Referring to devaluation of rupee in terms of dollars which, he said was accompanied by a landslide in the currencies of nearly 23 countries. Pandit Nehru reaffirmed his earlier announcement that there was no

(Continued on Page 7)

They Come To Their Own

LUCKNOW, Oct. 2, (PTI): More than 400 Treasuries and Sub-treasuries in the United Provinces are open today—a public holidays to enable the tenants to make their contribution to the 170-crore zamindari abolition fund.

Enthusiastic Kisans carrying tricolour flags and shouting slogans for the abolition of zamindaris are marching in processions to the collection centres.

First day collections may well exceed over forty lakhs according to informed quarters here.

Three Ministers of the U. P. Cabinet Thakur Hukum Singh Mr. Nisar Ahmed Sherwani and Mr. A. G. Kher will become "bhumidars" in respect of the land under their own cultivation.

In some districts of the province, the payment for acquiring "bhumidari rights" will be as low as Rs. 10 per acre.

JUDICIAL INQUIRY INTO POLICE CONDUCT

Allegations Of "Atrocities" In Bhor Taluk

POONA, Oct. 2 (PTI).

THE District Magistrate of Poona has ordered a judicial inquiry into the alleged atrocities of the police whilst investigating into a dacoity case at Dhangwadi in Bhor Taluka.

The inquiry will be conducted by Mr. M. G. Deshmukh, Additional District Magistrate who has been asked to hold a day-to-day hearing at the site, inquire into the truth of all allegations made against the police and submit a report within a fortnight. Mr. Deshmukh is expected to examine in all about 100 witnesses, 28 of whom have already been examined.

The District Magistrate has assured in a press note issued today that all the allegations made would be carefully inquired, and suitable action taken against persons who are found to be guilty.

THE DACOITY

The Dhangwadi dacoity took place in June last. Subsequently, when the police went to investigate into the dacoity, allegations were made that they had committed atrocities, particularly against female relatives of accused.

The alleged action of the police was the subject matter of severe criticism in some section of the press.

'World Citizens' Honour Mahatma

PARIS, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter)—Supporters of Garry Davis, 28-year-old self-styled "World Citizen No. 1" last night staged a big demonstration outside the Gherche-Midi military prison here "to commemorate Gandhiji's birthday."

The "world citizens", who advocate a system of World Government were honouring Gandhi because of his non-violent resistance.

POLICE RAID HQ.

At the same time police raided the unofficial headquarters of the movement and hauled 12 "world citizens" off to the police station.

Picketing of the prison started a fortnight ago following the arrest of Jean Moreau, a French conscientious objector.

MAJOR RAIL DISASTER AVERTED

Saboteurs Thwarted By Villager's Vigil

SALEM, Oct. 2 (PTI).

WHAT might have been a major disaster to the west-bound Mangalore Express early this morning was fortunately averted by the good service rendered by a villager living close to the railway track.

Following the report of his daughter that she heard some noise near the railway track at 2 a.m. this morning, the villager Muthuswami went to the railway line and found out that fish plates and bolts for a rail length of 36 feet at mile 199 between Karuppur and Thinnapatti stations, 8 miles north of Salem Junction, had been removed. He then ran to Karuppur railway station—a distance of three miles—and reported the matter to the Station Master. The west-bound Mangalore Express was scheduled to pass the spot at 3 a.m. The train was promptly halted at Thinnapatti Station.

The District Engineer, South Indian Railway, Salem Junction, rushed to the spot and had the tract repaired. The west-bound Mangalore and Nilgiri Expresses left for Salem over three hours late.

No arrests have been made so far in this connection. Police are investigating.

SOCIALIST GREETINGS TO MAO TSE-TUNG

BANGALORE, Oct. 2 (PTI): The Socialist Party Executive today welcomed the formation of a new Government in China under Mao Tse-Tung and expressed the opinion that the Government of India should recognise and establish diplomatic and trade relations with it.

DR. RAJENDRA PRASAD

NEW DELHI, Oct. 2, (UPI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly who had gone to Pilani for a change, returned to Delhi, this evening to join the Gandhi Jayanti functions. He got down from the train at Rewari and proceeded straight to the Town Hall where a meeting was held to celebrate Mahatma Gandhi's 80th birthday.

INDIA MUST MAKE ALL HER NEEDS

Remember Gandhiji, Pleads The Sardar

NEW DELHI Oct. 2 (P.T.I.).

SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL, Deputy Prime Minister in an All-India Radio broadcast from Delhi tonight on the occasion of Mahatma Gandhi's birthday appealed to the Indian people to try to produce in the country all that they needed and reduce as much as possible the use of things they could not produce themselves.

He expressed the hope that they would create an atmosphere in which the country would be strong and stable and the people would speak with one voice.

"After we have made the country strong, anyone may agitate for whatever he wants. But until then we must be patient and must work together with single-mindedness.""

UNREST EVERYWHERE

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel said: "Today is the second anniversary of Gandhiji's birthday since his sudden departure from our midst. Along with it, there is the great festival of Dusserah. In the context of world conditions today, it is essential to remind ourselves of the message of Mahatma Gandhi. The whole world is in a state of unrest. Everywhere, almost in all countries there is restlessness. Countries which can bring about peace in the world are unable to settle their own quarrels. Thus, those powers which are unable to settle the differences between other countries.

"In these circumstances, we should fully realise what we have to get in this country. There is considerable restlessness today in India which is due to the economic difficulties with which she is faced.

"The first thing we must do is to meet the deficiency in food. But whatever the Government might do in this direction would not be enough. This is a task primarily for the people to carry out. Unless there is complete co-operation from the people, it would be impossible to produce more. After enough food has been produced, it must be properly distributed, so that it could be routed to places where there is deficiency. Where there is a surplus, it should be handed over to the Government.

PETTY QUARRELS

"It is not that there is a big shortage of food. A deficit of six or seven per cent is not difficult for a country of this size to make up. But we have not realised our responsibilities and the voice of Gandhiji which used to keep us on the path of duty, is not with us. On the other hand, many of us are involved in our own petty quarrels.

"There is another thing which the country needs today and that is cloth. Cloth control was introduced, but that did not yield the desired results. This gave rise to a lot of discontent. We are endeavouring hard and constantly to remove that discontent, but Gandhiji wanted us to be selfsufficient through our own efforts. The atmosphere which Gandhiji created on this issue is today lacking. Keeping Gandhiji's path in mind, we should again try to produce in our own country all that we need and to reduce as much as possible the use of things which we cannot produce ourselves. That is my appeal to all, whether he be rich or poor, labourer or peasant.

"Everyone to whatever class he might belong, should compose his differences, give up personal rivalries and devote himself to the task of co-operating with all in this time of crisis.

"I hope that after listening to my appeal you will all create an atmosphere in which the country will be strong and stable and people will speak with one voice.

"After we have made the country strong, anyone may agitate for whatever he wants. But until then, we must be patient and must work together with single-mindedness."

DEPORTATION OF ASIATICS

U. N. Petitioned To Restrain Australia

SYDNEY, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter): The Australian Citizens Committee for the Defence of Chinese Residents has sent a petition to the United Nations Secretary— General accusing Mr. A. A. Calwell, Australian Minister for Immigration, of arbitrary action and transgression of the Declaration of Human Rights, it was disclosed today.

The Reverend W. G. Coughlin, Chairman of the Committee, said the petition was signed by Australian born wives of Chinese.

It alleges that 800 Chinese and other Asiatic wartime refugees were under threat of deportation.

Mr. Coughlin said the petition called on the United Nations to recommend that Mr. Calwell cease any action calculated to violate the principles laid down in the Declaration of Human Rights.

UNESCO'S PART WELCOMED

PARIS, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter): Dr. J. C. Ghosh, Director General of India's Industries and Civil Supplies Ministry, supported UNESCO's (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation) participation in technical assistance to underdeveloped areas at the week-end meeting of the organisation here.

ESSENTIAL DRUGS CONTROLLED

Retail Prices Fixed

BOMBAY, Sunday (UPI): With a view to check profiteering in essential drugs the Government of Bombay have, in consultation with the Government of India, issued today two orders under the Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle Control Act, 1946.

The first order adds "drugs" to Schedule I of the Act.

Under the second order the maximum retail selling prices of certain essential drugs have been fixed. It is an offence under the order to sell any of the drugs included in the schedule at a price higher than the controlled retail price and for any dealer to refuse to sell any drug without reasonable cause.

Dealers are also required to display at a conspicuous place on their shop premises a copy containing the names of the controlled drugs and their maximum retail selling prices. These prices are applicable throughout the Province and come into effect immediately.

Dealers are also required to issue a duly authenticated cash memo in respect of every sale to a customer of any of the controlled drugs.

The above orders have been published in Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated October 3, 1949 Copies of the order and the schedule may be obtained from the Government Book Depot, Charni Road Gardens, Bombay.

PAKISTAN WANTS A LOAN

Financing Projects

LONDON, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Pakistan's Finance Minister, said here today that Pakistan "certainly wants" a loan from the International Bank for reconstruction and development.

"The matter is under active consideration", he added.

He said that Pakistan wanted the loan for the development of its industries, agriculture and transport.

Mr. Ghulam Mohammed arrived in London by air yesterday from New York after attending the recent meetings of the International Monetary Fund at Washington. He said that during his stay of about one month in the United States, he made contacts with officials of the Export-Bank, Bank of Washington and studied the working of American financial and industrial organisations.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Immediately L.E.E. Apply with terms, Kalpana Engineering Company, Abid Road, Hyderabad Deccan. 1194

Wanted Bus Contractors for the conveyance of members to and from the mills. Apply for full particulars to Swastik Oil Mills Ltd., Wadala, Bombay 15. 5920

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions— Davar's College of Commerce— Enrol immediately for special classes now started for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combination for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 1191

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

Read 40 Current Magazines in English, Marathi, Gujerati and Hindi for Rs. 3 a month. Home Delivery. Write for details, Pritam, B.12, R.2, Kolwada Camp, Bombay 22. 1190

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted immediately a Second-hand Steam Engine of about 350-400 H.P., revolutions 50 to 75 per minute. Apply to Box No. 1185, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Immediately a Fly-Wheel of about 16 ft. diameter for Steam Engine. Please quote to Box No. 1193, "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and stockists to sell our manufactured goods, Footballs, Volleyballs and Basketballs. Hindustan Sports, Naya Bazar, Lashker. 1192

Wanted Sole Agents and Canvas-sers on decent commission and rebate for Famous Midland Teas, packed in various size attractive packets, tins and cases. Only interested and experienced hands capable doing substantial business need apply Midland Tea and Produce Company," Madras-2. 1173

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars, National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5915

Wanted experienced parties to act as Chief Agents on permanent basis in Bombay Presidency on very lucrative terms by a sound and bonus paying Life Office. Apply Box No. 5859. "Bombay Chronicle".

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Wanted Rs. 5 to 50 thousands for Cinema opening business on Loan or partnership. Write Box No. 1181, "Bombay Chronicle".

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga; Narsinhji's Pole, Baroda. (1180)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

"Atlas" machines are suitable for almost every kind of Sheet Metal Work, obtainable from M|S Roberts McLean & Co. Ltd., Ilaco House, Sir P. Mehta Road, Bombay or The Industrial Syndicate, 119, Ripon Street, Calcutta. 16. 5930

For Sale Five used Filter Presses complete with 36 inch Plates--disposing off due to change in manufacturing process—open for inspection at Kharaghoda BB & CI Railway Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd. Apply with best offers Registered Head Office Chartered Bank Building. Fort. Bombay. Phone 22843. 1046

BUSINESS OFFERS

Offers are invited for 6 tons of Soda Ash Light 58 p.c. of U.S.A. Origin to be disposed of on account and risk of the Imperial Paper and Stationery Mart, 131, Railway Road, Jullundur City. Interested parties contact Messrs. Alfred E. McKenzie & Co., Ltd., Yusuf Building, 51, Churchgate Street, Bombay. (5684)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width. Lovely for curtains Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (6778A)

Season is fast approaching acquire now the agency for Midland Teas on decent commission. Influential persons capable doing substantial business need apply Midland Tea & Produce Company, Madras-2. 1173A

Dunlopillo— The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army and Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay; Good Housekeeping Co., Ltd. 38, Queen's Road, Bombay; Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co Ltd., 278 and 286, Hornby Road, Bombay and The Art Flooring and Construction Co., 16, Sleater Road, Bombay. 5047

PUBLIC NOTICES

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Singhanee Lecturer in Industrial Optics in the scale of Rs. 200-20-400-25-500. The post carries the usual dearness allowance and the benefits of the University Provident Fund. The Lecturer must possess a post-graduate research degree in Physics with specialisation in spectrophotometry and colour physics.

Six type-written copies of the application made on the prescribed form, with six copies of testimonials, should be forwarded so as to reach the Registrar, University of Bombay, Bombay 1, on or before the 24th October 1949. Further details and forms of application can be had from the Registrar.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

5923

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 10-11-1949 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and from displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan, for the post of PRINCIPAL, GOVERNMENT SCHOOL FOR TRAINING OF LABOUR WELFARE WORKERS. PAY:— Rs. 250-500 PLUS cost of living allowance. QUALIFICATIONS: — (1) Honours degree in Economics; (2) Training at the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay, OR Social Work Course of the Calcutta University OR Legal Training, desirable. AGE:— Not more than 35 years on 1-1-1950. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with the employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the exchange office. 5925

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 12-11-1949 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for five posts of ASSISTANT OR DISTRICT LABOUR OFFICER. QUALIFICATIONS:— Degree in Arts or Commerce. PAY:— Rs. 220-500 PLUS allowances. AGE:— Not more than 26 years on 1-1-1950 relaxable in suitable cases. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, 1" who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with the Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. 5920

SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, SIMLA.

(Advertisement No. 54)

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by a treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5/- (Re. 1/4/- for Scheduled Castes candidates), NOT LATER THAN THE 7TH NOVEMBER, 1949, for the temporary (for 3 years in the first instance) post of FOREMAN (Production) for Government Central Workshops, Amritsar. War Service candidates preferred. Qualifications: (i) Matriculation examination of a recognised university and (ii) A university degree or full course diploma in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised engineering Institution: Degree holders preferred. (Academic qualifications relaxable in special cases), and (iii) Training in approved apprenticeship course for 5 years including one year in drawing office of a recognised engineering concern. Candidates should also have ten years experience, subsequent to apprenticeship, as all round Mechanical Engineers of which at least 3 years should have been spent in the Production office of a big manufacturing concern. They should also be good disciplinarians having ability to control their subordinates and to organize office work in accordance with factory procedure and practice. Age not less than 35 and not more than 45 years (48 years for Sheduled Castes candidates) on 7-11-1949—relaxable in case of war service candidates to the extent of their period of war service Pay Rs. 400-15-475/25/5-500 Higher initial pay may be granted according to qualifications and experience. Government servants and Women eligible. Further particulars on application. 5924

NOTICE

WANTED-LADY TEACHERS, trained in Physical Culture to teach girls of Higher Secondary Classes. Applications should reach the undersigned duly supported with the copies of certificates and testimonials not later than the 15th of October 1949.

BRAHMANAND MISRA,
ADVOCATE,
Chairman,
Education Committee-Mpl.
Board
Kanpur.

5929

PUBLIC NOTICES

MINISTRY OF STATES

APPLICATIONS are invited for six temporary posts of Veterinary Assistant Surgeons under Kutch Government. Pay Rs. 160/- in the scale of Rs. 160-10-330 subject to revision plus the usual allowances admissible under the rules to Kutch Government Servants. QUALIFICATIONS REQUIRED: A degree or diploma in Veterinary Science from an Indian Veterinary College.

Candidates will be called for interview at New Delhi at their own expense. Applications containing particulars of age, educational qualifications, experience etc., should reach the undersigned by the 22nd October, 1949.

A. N. BERY.
Under Secretary
Ministry of Agriculture
Government of India
New Delhi.

5912

TENDER NOTICE NO. E|2|3|49

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Div. II), Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of milk ghee (blended) delivered free at the following places during the period from December 1949 to February 1950:—

(i) Ghee Centre, Agra. 1891 tons.
(ii) Ghee Centre, Bangalore- 850 tons 700 lbs.

2. The tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 4 p.m. on 31st October 1949 on tender forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office upto 17th October 1949 at Rs. 10|- (not refundable) per set paid in cash or by Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender notice No. and remitter's full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must also state the names of their bankers. 5896

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard & Soft) from the India United Mills, Ltd. No. 1 Mill and 2 and 3 Mills and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Thursday the 6th October 1949, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 5905

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF steel carriages, gin blocks, wire rope, rails, etc., by order of THE REGIONAL DISPOSALS COMMISSIONER, on 6-10-49, at 10-30 A.M., at Mazagon Dock South yard, Mazagon. For catalogues apply to: CRAWFORD & CO., 132, Apollo St., Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE B. P. T. DOCKS.

In accordance with Sec. 64 A of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks MENESSE & CO. will sell by public Auction on THURSDAY the 6th October 1949 at 2 p.m. at Alexandra Dock; E ware House:— cycle parts electric appliances cotton and Rayon niece goods: chemicals: Toilet requisite, machinery: Printed books hand sewing machine: Oriental woollen carpets. Medical rubber goods: wireless receiving sets.

MADRAS USHERS IN AN EXPERIMENT

Judiciary Separated From Executive

MADRAS, October 2 (P. T. I.).

A far-reaching reform for the first time in the nation's administrative sphere was reached today with the inauguration of the separation of judiciary from the executive in two Madras Districts.

The scheme for which the Congress has been pressing from its very inception in 1886 will be extended to not less than a dozen districts in the next few months and throughout the province next year.

The Governor-General of India Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, the Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the President of the Constituent Assembly Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and the Governor of Madras the Maharaja of Bhavnagar were among those who sent messages wishing the scheme all success.

AT VELLORE

The Premier of Madras, Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja inaugurating the reform in Vellore, headquarters of the North Arcot District today, characterised the measure as one of the fundamental principles underlying any administration based on democracy.

The Chief Justice of Madras, Mr. P. V. Rajamannar, speaking at the inauguration of the reform at Chingleput described the day as a red letter day in the history of judicial administration in this country.

He said: "The inauguration of a reform in the administration of criminal justice has a significance unequalled by any other reform in recent times."

EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS

The Governor-General Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, in his massage stated: "I welcome and give my best wishes to the step taken by the Madras Government and hope that the new judicial officers appointed under the scheme may bring credit to the Government.

There are occasions when there is conflict between the State and the citizen, which has to be justly examined and solved. Again the officers who investigate crime should not also be invested with authority to decide or improperly influence the decision of those who sit as judges. There should be no fear or prospects of personal favours influencing the minds of those who sit as judges. It is these considerations that have led to the system of separating the judicial organisation of the State from the executive. Ultimately, however, both are integral parts of the State. The State cannot function properly and be stable commanding the love and respect of the people if its judicial work is not performed with the independence and impartiality that must guide it. It is, therefore, the interest of the executive to keep the judiciary in perfect independence."

The Governor-General added: "It is a mistake to think that an active sense of justice and an impartial and objective approach to matters in dispute are the obligations only of judges. These are equally needed for the performance of the duties imposed on executive officers of Government.

"The oaths and affirmations prescribed from the earliest times for swearing in the highest executive officers of the State clearly demonstrate this. Ministers and other executive authorities of the State have to exercise a judicial mind and deal impartially with all manner of persons in the discharge of their duties. Every officer that proposes or orders any executive measure—even such as the transfer of an officer from one post to another or the issue of a licence, or a permit or an order to use force at a gathering or an order increasing the police force in a certain area or the opening of a new post office—must exercise a judicial discretion with an objective sense of values and should not be prejudiced by irrelevant circumstances or accept any evidence without scrutiny.

"On the other hand, I also believe that the duties of judges cannot be adequately performed by men who have not had experience of life in its normal aspects. Exclusive experience of wrong-doing and remedies, therefore, is apt to give a bias which should be compensated for any administrative experience in the normalities of life. Have we not seen that inexperince leads to error even though there is plenty of legal knowledge, which is necessary but not by itself sufficient?"

TRIBUTE TO OFFICERS

I have considerable experience of the work of first class sub-divisional magistrates and it would be wrong if on this occasion I omit to record my appreciation of the strikingly independent and impartial manner in which, on the whole these officers did their work even under the existing system in disposing of cases in which the police were most interested. This demonstrated to me that good character and sound training count far more for the happiness of the people than system or procedure. The public services in all departments must make it their religion to be diligent, vigilant and just and ever remember the presence of God and in this respect vie with the Judges.

NEHRU'S MESSAGE

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru stated: "I am glad to learn that your Government has decided to bring about a separation of the judiciary from the executive and that this will take effect, to begin with, in North Arcot and Chingleput Districts. I wish you success in this scheme."

SARDAR'S APPRECIATION

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel stated: "I am very glad to note that you are introducing the scheme of separation of judiciary from the executive in North Arcot and Chingleput districts. There can be no two opinions on the question of the desirability of this reform. The only question is one of practicability and time.

"In the present circumstances, it seems impossible to introduce this reform on any wider scale. Moreover, we have to adapt ourselves to the conditions to which we have succeeded and which, with the best will in the world, we cannot change all of a sudden. Your decision to go slow and apply it cautiously is, therefore, a wise one and I do hope and wish that your scheme will be a success and will encourage you to extend it as time goes by."

ALTERCATION IN JAIL: POLICE OPEN FIRE

JACOBABAD, Oct. 2 (UPI): Firing was resorted to in the Jacobabad Sub-Jail on Thursday night when an altercation took place between some prisoners and police constables. There were no casualties except that one prisoner and one police Jemadar received slight injuries.

The Deputy Commissioner of Jacobabad on receipt of information rushed to the spot and brought the situation under control.

AVIATION TO AID AGRICULTURE

Pakistan Experiment

KARACHI, Oct. 2 (UPI): Pakistan for the first time put aviation to use for agriculture when a low flying aircraft dropped seeds from the air on a 400-acre plot in Tatta District.

This novel experiment was conducted under the auspices of the Sind Government. For nearly three hours a low flying plane dropped about 20 maunds of "pulbul" seeds in the area which lies within the site which is reported to have been selected for the location of the future capital of Sind.

The Revenue Commissioner told the United Press that the experiment was very successful. The results of this experiment would be known in a couple of months and if found encouraging, it was proposed to use this method on an extensive scale.

The main object of this experiment is to give a fillip to agriculture and tree plantation drive. The outcome of this experiment will be looked to with great interest by other provinces as well

PAK LOCUST CONTROL CONFERENCE

French Specialist To Attend

PARIS, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Boris Zolotarevsky, specialist in insect pest control will represent France at the Regional Conference of Locust Control called by the Pakistan Government for October 21 in Karachi, the French Ministry of Agriculture has announced. M. Zolotarevsky is Director of the Pest Control Office and is a technician of the French Natural History Museum.

The Karachi conference will strengthen already existing co-operation in fighting locusts, M. Zolotarevsky said today. France was particularly interested in this problem as it affected North Africa, French West Africa, French Equatorial Africa and the Camerons, he added.

Mysore Gesture To Railwaymen

MYSORE, Oct. 1 (UPI): The Mysore Government have sanctioned ex gratia payment of pay to the Mysore Railway staff on a sliding scale, which is expected to cost them Rs. 3 lakhs

The payment will be made on the basis of the pay of employees on July 1, 1948.

It may be recalled that the staff were agitating for some time for a sizable bonus and the Government have come forward with this generous gesture.

Big Procession In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Oct. 1, (PTI): Over 25,000 persons formed a Dassera procession about three furlongs long, under the auspices of the Hyderabad Arya Samaj, and paraded through the principal thoroughfares of the city this evening.

Elaborate police arrangements were made to prevent any possible trouble.

100 BUSES TO PLY IN SUBURBS

BOMBAY, Sunday: One hundred buses will ply in Bombay suburbs to relieve the acute traffic problem after the conclusion of the present B.E.S.T.-Bandra Bus Company dispute, it is understood.

It is recalled that the Bombay Municipality-owned B.E.S.T. Undertaking which has extended its bus service to suburbs has put on suburban roads a fleet of 26 buses from Saturday. This strength, it is learnt will be augmented to 100 after the settlement of the present dispute. Before the suspension of its service, the Bandra Bus Company was operating about 45 buses on different routes in suburbs.

'FELLOW WORKERS IN CAUSE OF FREEDOM'

Mr. C. R. Srinivasan's Tribute To Journalists

MYSORE, October 1 (U.P.I.): Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, President of the All India Newspapers Editors' Conference said here today that the journalists were fellow workers in the stupendous task of preserving the hard-won freedom.

Mr. Srinivasan, who was presiding over the inauguration of the Mysore Press Advisory Committee pointed out that although they had secured freedom from foreign domination, economic freedom was yet to be achieved. A sense of frustration had set in as a result of the economic forces at work in the world, he added.

Referring to the code of journalism, he said that he did not attach much importance to such a code and reminded the journalists that their profession was a gentlemen's profession.

Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting said that in any set-up of democratic Government, journalists played a great part in moulding public opinion.

El Edroos To Retire

HYDERABAD C-IN-C POST ABOLISHED

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Oct. 1, (PTI): The Government of Hyderabad have abolished the post of the Commander-in-Chief of the Hyderabad State Forces it was learned here today.

Until the Police Action in Hyderabad, the Prince of Berar was holding the post of Commander-in-Chief of the State Forces.

Major-General J. N. Chaudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, told a press Conference recently that the post of Commander-in-Chief would be abolished in view of the decrease in the strength of the Hyderabad Army following demobilisation after the police action.

The Hyderabad Army which had a strength of about 18,000 officers and other ranks before the Police Action was reduced to about 10,000 and the army budget was cut from six crores of rupees to three crores Major-General El Edroos, till recently commander of the State Forces, went on leave today for six months preparatory to retirement.

Brigadier Ahmed Ashraf, one of the senior officers of the Hyderabad Army, is promoted to the rank of Major-General and has been appointed the Commander of the Hyderabad Army with effect from today.

Madura River In Spate

MADURA, Oct. 2 (PTI): The river Vaigai is in spate following heavy rains in the catchment area. The water level in the river this morning was seven feet which is only two feet below the flood level.

Flood warning has been given to people residing on the banks of the river.

OUR MAHAKOSAL NEWSLETTER:

Contempt Proceedings Against Hindi Weekly

CHARGE OF PUBLISHING 'SUB JUDICE' MATTER

JUBBULPORE, (By Air Mail).

THE "PRAHARE," a Hindi weekly from Jubbulpore, which is being edited, printed and published by Shri Bhawani Prasad Tewari, Shri Rameshwar Prasad Guru and Shri Jorawar Mull Jain, respectively, has come into trouble as a sequel of the publication of a report by an "eye-witness" on the so-called "Kanhan and Pipri" incident in its issue dated Sept. 11, 1949.

Since the Provincial Government had already appointed Shri R. K. Kher, District and Sessions Judge, as a special magistrate to enquire into the allegations and decide the cases arising out of the aforesaid incident, and his appointment was notified on Sept. 6, 1949, the police prosecutor, who has been conducting the case on behalf of the prosecution, has moved the court to start proceedings against the editor, printer and publisher of the "PRAHARI" for contempt of court. Shri Tewari, Shri Guru and Shri Jain have been served with notices at Jubbulpore on the night of September 27 and have been ordered to present themselves in the court at Nagpur on October 4, 1949 and show cause as to why they should not be prosecuted for the contempt of court. The allegations against the "PRAHARI" are that it had published an alleged prejudicial report and also an editorial on the subject when the case had already been "sub judice."

PROMINENT CITIZEN DEAD

Shri Ramlal Vasudeva—the founder-secretary of the Mahakosal Chamber of Commerce and a prominent businessman of Jubbulpore, breathed his last on the morning of Wednesday last. The late Shri Vasudeva, who was 53 at the time of his death, was a self-made man, possessing considerable integrity, tact and perseverance. His funeral was attended by over 1,000 persons and the body was cremated at the Ranital crematorium. The markets were closed for a day as a mark of respect to the deceased.

A very unfortunate tragedy occurred on September 29 in Napier Town, Jubbulpore, when a 7-year-old boy was run over and crushed to death by a car driven by his own father. The car was entering the gate of the compound when the child suddenly rushed out to greet his father, and was knocked down.

MINISTER'S WARNING

"If Independence is being interpreted by misguided persons for unbridled freedom to let loose disruptive and unpatriotic anti-national activities with relentless fury, then our Independence cannot survive long," said Shri Rameshwar Agnihhoj, Minister for P.W.D., C.P., and Berar, while speaking before a gathering of the members of the Rotary Club, Jubbulpore, which was held on September 29 in the Jackson's hotel, with Rotarian President Sardar Rajendra Singh in the chair.

PROTEST HARTAL

The cinema houses in Jubbulpore observed one day's hartal today and kept the houses closed in protest of the enhancement of the entertainment duty by the Provincial Government.

The film, "Chhota—Bhai", a New Theatre's product has been exempted from the levy of the entertainment tax by the Provincial Government. The management of the Shyam Talkies, who have been showing the picture at Jubbulpore, gave a "Press Show" of the film to the local Press correspondents. The picture has been receiving a good response from the public.

Cases of armed dacoities are reported to be on the increase in the Madhya Bharat Union, especially in the areas which lie on the borders of the Nimar district of the Central Provinces.

A gang of 15 armed dacoits recently raided the house of the station master of Piploda-Khachrod and looted property worth over Rs. 5,000 on the night of Friday last.

Three police constables were killed and two sub-inspectors were fatally injured in an encounter the police had had on Sunday last with Mansingh, a notorious dacoit and his followers in village Raipur, near Morena, in Gwalior The dacoits escaped into the jungle

Property worth several thousands of rupees is reported to have been looted and three persons injured by a gang of armed dacoits who raided the village of Bengali, near Khachrod on the night of Friday last.

A gang of dacoits, who had been in the police uniform, raided the house of a village money lender in village Runija and looted property worth several thousand rupees.

A MOVING INCIDENT

An ideal instance of maternal love has been reported from Nasirabad, in Central India. It is stated that when a woman was travelling by rail, her child fell down from the moving train. Being unable to miss her child, the mother also jumped after it from the train to save it. Then the train was brought to a stand still to trace and recover the passengers, both the mother and her child were picked up alive and uninjured.

Cattle worth Rs. 2,000 were lifted and driven away by a gang of Kanjars from village Chainpura, near Baroda. The missing cattle were later on recovered in a neighbouring village where they were left by the cattle-lifters to save themselves from the long arm of the law.

Further progress in the work and development of the Cattle Breeding Farm, which was established in Jubbulpore by the Government of India about two years ago, have been suspended by the Government for want of funds and also as a measure of economy. The farm was expected to cost the Government to the extent of Rs. 80,00,000.

GANDHI Jayanti week was celebrated in Jubbulpore, the programme commencing with non-stop spinning competition. On Tuesday a public meeting was held in the Municipal Town Hall with Moulana Burhan-ul-Haque, M.L.A., (formerly, the president of the Jubbulpore City and District Muslim League, now dissolved) President celebrate the jayanti.

Shri Rameshwar Agnihhoj, Minister for P.W.D., C.P. and Berar, who addressed the meeting, exhorted the public to follow the ideals and teachings of Mahatmaji and translate them into action. Shri Agnihhoj paid respectful tributes and humble homage to Mahatma Gandhi, remarking that Mahatma Gandhi, though physically dead, had become immortal and his noble soul would always guide the destiny of India and its people.

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2nd Week! WADIA'S
BALAM
AT
MINERVA
Today Matinee: 12-30 p.m.
& EXCELSIOR
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Today being Idd; Mat. at 11-45
IT'S EXCELLENT for ITS MUSIC!
Girls' School
GEETA BALI, SHASHIKALA, SOHAN, SAJJAN
2nd Big Week at
NEW WEST END
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30
Sun. & Holi. 11-45
(Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12: 4 to 6)

TODAY MAT.
PRAKASH
Pictures Great Hit
SAWAN-BHADO
MUNAWAR SULTANA
3RD WEEK
LAMINGTON
3-30, 6-30, 9-30: Today at 12-45
Booking 10 to 11-30 & 4-30 to 6
KISMET
4, 6-45, 9-30: Today 1 p.m.
An EVERGREEN Release

MAKE HINDI THE LANGUAGE OF THE MASSES

Amrit Kaur's Plea To Students

BOMBAY, Sunday.

RAJKUMARI AMRIT KAUR, Minister for Health, Government of India speaking today at an annual function of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha made a fervent appeal to students and members of the Sabha to endeavour to make Hindi a language of the people and help to bring about unity in the country.

Distributing prizes and certificates at the function at the Anjuman-E-Ismail School Hall the Health Minister advised the students not to develop a narrow outlook about Hindi. If the language were to be progressive and understandable for the masses, she said it should accept words from other languages and should not be made either highly Sanskritised or Persianised.

Today, English had become a great international language, because it did not close its doors against the influences of other languages. On the contrary, it readily accepted new words and enriched itself. If India aspired to be a great nation she must strive to make Hindi a rich and great language.

POPULAR SUPPORT

Speaking of the recent Hindi controversy, she said it had created bad feeling in the country. She admitted that the decision of the Government of India to make Hindi a national language had disappointed some people. She advised them to work for the cause of the national language which was dear to the heart of Mahatma Gandhi.

She opined that a national language was not made by law but by the people. The growth of the national language, ultimately depended on the wishes of the people. If the people desired to make Hindi a truely national language, it was in their hands.

She referred to Gandhi Jayanti and said that today the people should search their hearts and find out how far they had failed to implement Mahatma Gandhi's preachings. They should pray to God and ask from him strength to enable them to march on the difficult path shown by the Father of the Nation.

She made a special appeal to women to take more interest in the nation building activities and social service and said that without their help and sacrifice India could not aspire to be a great nation. The country was faced with acute social and economic problems. Poverty, ignorance and disease were rampant and they must be eradicated to bring home freedom to common man.

REAL UNITY

Presiding over the function, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Health Minister of Bombay in a short speech in Hindi paid tributes to Mahatma Gandhi and said that he laid his life to make India free. Today, the Minister said it was our duty to make the country prosperous and strong. The first task before the nation was to bring about real unity in the country. That could be achieved through the spread of the national language.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India in a message to the Hindustani Prachar Sabha said that Hindi was the language of the people.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur paid a visit to Hindustani Prachar Sabha's classes at Ghatkoper in the morning and told the students that there should be no conflict between Urdu and Nagari scripts. They were like two eyes.

She appealed to Muslims to learn Hindi which was the national language of India. She added that Urdu should not be neglected. It was a mistake to was one of the languages of India and it should have its place like other languages.

NO RIFT IN EAST PUNJAB CABINET

Sachar Contradicts Reports

NEW DELHI, Oct. 2 (PTI)—The East Punjab Premier, Mr. Bhimsen Sachar said here today that reports of a split in the East Punjab Cabinet were incorrect.

"Relations among members of my Cabinet are excellent and any talk of a rift among them should, therefore, be discounted", he declared.

"Ours is a composite Cabinet agreed to by various groups in the Assembly', Mr. Sachar added. "The question of instability. therefore, can arise only when one group or another in the Ministry declares its intention to secede from it."

The Premier said the present Ministry in the East Punjab was formed at the instance of the Congress High Command. There were no indications yet, he added, that the Congress Executive had failed in their experiment and had, therefore, changed their mind.

Mr. Sachar denied having had any talk with the Prime Minister or the Deputy Prime Minister of India with regard to the "reported rift" in his Cabinet.

GOVERNOR'S CALL TO HOME GUARDS

POONA, Oct. 2 (PTI): The Governor of Bombay, Raja Maharaj Singh, addressing a ceremonial parade of Poona Home Guards, today, called upon them to help the Government in their food drive and prohibition programme. He said that on the success of these two campaigns depended to a certain measure the well-being and prosperity of the people of the province.

MR. S. K. PATIL

BOMBAY, Sunday: Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Mayor of Bombay, will leave for Delhi by air on Tuesday. Mr. Patil will attend the forthcoming meeting of the Congress Working Committee in New Delhi.

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PLEDGE TO WREST MAHARASHTRA

Resolution At City Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday, (UPI): A resolution paying loyal homage to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi, and pledging to work for the formation of the province of Samyukta Maharashtra including Bombay City, on linguistic basis, by resorting to all the non-violent means, including Satyagraha, preached by Gandhiji, was passed at a mass meeting attended by over ten thousand citizens at the Shivaji Park in North Bombay this evening.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh presided over the meeting.

The meeting adopted a resolution supporting the amendment given notice or by Mr. H. V. Pataskar in the Constituent Assembly to secure the inclusion of Samyukta Maharashtra in the list of provinces in the schedule of the new constitution being drafted by the constitution making body.

By another resolution the meeting appointed a Samyukta Maharashtra Prachar Samiti to work for the formation of Samyukta Maharashtra in co-operation with other organisations working for the same object in the Marathi speaking areas. Dr. G. V. Deshmukh was elected President and Mr. N. M. Joshi, Vice-President of the Samiti, with 41 members, including Senapati P. M. Bapat, Messrs. S. S. Navre, Mohiuddin Harris, Asoka Mehta and G. G. Mehta.

Those who spoke at the meeting in support of the resolutions included Mr. N. M. Joshi, Senapati P. M. Bapat, Mr. Y. K. Khadilkar, Editor of the daily "Nawa Kal" Mr. G. G. Mehta and Mrs. Manutai Agte.

FORM UNITED KARNATAK

Deputation To Nehru

HUBLI, Oct. 2 (PTI)—A delegation of Karnataka Youth Conference led by Mr. K. M. Rudrappa left for Delhi last night to meet Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister, Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President to apprise them of the public opinion in Mysore State for the immediate formation of the United Karnatak including Mysore State.

Before departure, Mr. Rudrappa told PTI that there had been tremenous response from the public of Mysore for the stand taken up by the Youth Conference on the question of the unification of Karnataka.

He said that the new constitution should not contain any provision for the retention of Rulers or Rajpramukhs, as it would be inconsistent with the republican character of the new Indian Constitution.

Calling All Women

Chappaties With Sweet Potato

NEW DELHI, Oct. 2.

Here are some more recipes which could be prepared with the aid of subsidiary foods:

CHAPPATIES:

Ingredients:—

Wheat atta	4½ chataks
Sweet potato flour	½ "
Water	to mix

METHOD:—Sieve and make a soft dough of the mixture of both the flours and leave aside for an hour. Knead well and roll into thin chappaties and bake on hot tava over a good fire.

About ten chappaties can be made out of the above mentioned ingredients.

DAL WITH GROUNDNUT FLOUR

Ingredients:—

Chana dal	1 chatak
Groundnut flour	½ chatak
Grated fresh cocoanut	½ chatak
Red chilli powder	to taste
Haldi	a pinch
Salt to taste.	
For Bhagar	
Ghee	2 tolas
Urd dal	½ tola
Red whole chilli	1
Zeera	
Mustard	
Garlic	4 flakes
Curry leaves	

METHOD:—Pick and wash dal and cook in double the amount of water. When it is soft, and the water is nearly absorbed, add the groundnnut flour, chillies, haldi and salt. Mix well and cover it for 2 to 3 mixtures, mix the grated cocoanut and cover it again for nearly five minutes stirring it now and then and taking care to see that it does not burn. Remove from fire and give bhagar.

RAITA WITH BOILED SWEET POTATO SHREDS

Ingredients:—

Dahi	½ pao
Boiled sweet potato shreds	2 tolas
Green chillies	4
Haldi	one pinch
Salt to taste.	
For Bhagar	
Red chilli	one
Zeera	
Mustard	
Methi	
Curry leaves	one small bunch
Ghee	½ tola

METHOD:—Beat the dahi and dilute it with a little water; cut the green chillies and add to the dahi along with salt, haldi, and boiled sweet potato shreds. Mix well and give bhagar; i.e. heat ghee. add all the ingredients and fry till brown and add to the dahi. Mix well and serve as a side dish, for lunch or dinner.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 2, (PTI): The following is the weather summary for Sunday, Oct. 2, 1949:—

Yesterday's secondary low over east Rajputana has become unimportant.

Rainfall has been widespread in the east Central Provinces and Malabar and occurred locally in Bihar, the west Central Provinces, Mysore and southeast Madras. Observations from north-east India are practically absent.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL MONDAY EVENING:—Thunder rain will be fairly widespread in West Bengal, Chota Nagpur and south Bihar. There will also be local thundershowers in the rest of north-east India, in the Central Provinces, the west and north Deccan and along the west coast. Scattered thundershowers will occur elsewhere in the Peninsula, in Gujarat, Madhya Bharat, Vindhya Pradesh and in the hills of the west United Provinces and of the East Punjab.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainwall in inches during the 24 hours, total rainfall from October 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-30 hours I.S.T. on October 2, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 92 77 0.3 0.3 plus 0.2, Ahmednagar 79 68 0.4, 0.4 plus 0.1, Bangalore 84 64 1.4 1.4 plus 0.9, Baroda 91 75 0 0 minus 0.1, Belgaum 79 66 0 minus 0.5, BOMBAY 84 74 0 0.6 plus 0.3, Calcutta 93 79 T 0 minus 0.4, Delhi 87 71 0 0.1 minus 0.1, Hyderabad (Dn.). 85 70 0 0 minus 0.2, Lucknow 89 73 0 0 minus 0.2, Madras 93 78 0 0.7 plus 0.5, Mahabaleshwar 66 61 0.4 0.5 minus 0.5, Nagpur 88 71 0.5 1.1 plus 0.9, Poona 83 79 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Sholapur 88 70 0 0 minus 0.3, Simla 66 54 0 0.2 0, Surat 88 74 0 1.5 plus 1.3.

RESEARCH WORK OF UNIVERSITIES

Place It On Union List, Says Dr. Jayakar

POONA, Oct. 2 (PTI): Dr. M. R. Jayakar, Vice-Chancellor of the Poona University, today suggested that the research work carried by the Universities should be placed in the Union List.

He felt that the Provincial Governments would perhaps be unable to finance this important activity of the Universities, if the universities were following a policy not acceptable to them.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today's Engagements

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL HINDU SABHA: Prof. V. G. Despande, General Secretary of the All India Hindu Mahasabha will address a public meeting at Chaupatty at 5-30 p.m.

KURLA MALAYALEE SAMAJ: A public meeting at the G.E.T.I. School Hall to celebrate Bakri-Idd at 5 p.m.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: A lecutre on "Economic Crisis in India" by Dr. S. G. Panandikar at Shrimat Ananda Ashram Hall, Tardeo, at 5 p.m.

STUDENTS' PRODUCTION UNIT: "Variegated Revelry"—A charity variety entertainment show by the Production Unit of the City Students' Action Committee at St. Xavier's College Hall at 5-30 p.m. The programme includes: Awakening of Saraswati-written and directed by Hima Kesarkodi, Omar Khayyam, Three O'clock Train-one act play, dances, songs etc.

CONGRESS WORKERS' MEETING: Mr. S. K. Patil will address Congress workers at Congress House at 7 p.m. He will speak on the present food situation.

TODAY'S RADIO

MONDAY, October 3.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Mangal Smaram Jay Krishna Hare 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 B. D. Wadikar Composition of Brahmanand 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Purushottam Upadhyay (Guj. Bhajans) 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Purushottam Upadhyay (Guj. Geet) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Dance Music 1-55 Frank Sinatra 2-10 Swing Music 5-0 Ratnakar S. Pai Khayal Vilambit aur Drut 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 B. D. Wadikar (Yeman) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 "Id Ki Fazilat": Talk by Dr. A. H. Kazi 7-30 Ratnakar S. Pai Khayal Vilambit: Bhoop 7-45 Kamgar Sabha (Programme for Industrial Workers) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 8-40 India and World Radio round-up: Produced by Adi Marzban 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 Goody Seervai's Orchestra 10-20 Urban De Lima Baritone 10-30 Goody Seervai's Orchestra.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 B. D. Wadikar (Deskar) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Air Quartet (Dhun Bhairavin) 11-0 Aj Yeh Bhi Suniye 12 p.m. Gujarati Geet 12-15 A. Khan Meeruthi (Clarionet) 12-30 Rangnath Jadhav and Party (Ghazals) 12-45 As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 Mandakini Gadre (Bhairavi) 1-10 Sushila Tembe (Sur-Malhar) 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Programme for women 5-0 As in Bombay—A 5-30 A. Khan Meeruthi (Clarionet) 5-45 Rangnath Jadhav and Party (Ghazals) 6-0 Pad Ye Sharanangata 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Mandakini Gadre (Bhavgeet) 8-30 Book review (G) by Premshankar Bhatt 8-45 Rangnath Jadhav and Party (Ghazals) 9-0 Ratnakar S. Pai (Khayal Vilambit aur Drut: Bihagda) 9-30 Emini Shankar Shastri (Veena) 9-45 Review of recent publications by Prof. R. Choksi 10-0 "Ek Dayaro" Musical feature in Gujarati by C. C. Mehta 10-30 Susheela Tembe (Malkosh).

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Shahnai Dwandva Raag Ramkali: by N. Bhonsle and K. Bhonsale 7-40 Purshottam Sahasrabuddhe (Khayal Todi) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Music Lesson 8-30 Morning Variety 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Vaividhya 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Shahnai Dwandva 6-25 As in Ahmedabad 6-35 Gramjano Mate 7-0 Songs from Screen 7-15 Shahnai Dwandwa Raag: Yaman Kalyan 7-30 Purshottam Sahasrabuddhe (Khayal Marwa) 7-45 Rashtradhwaj; (G) on Flag (Relayed from Ahmedabad) 8-0 Geeto 8-10 Locals 8-15 NEWS (G) 8-30 Light Vocal 8-45 As in Ahmedabad 9 News (E) 9-15 Story with Songs 9-45 Traditional.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. As in Baroda 7-40 Prabhat Na Raag 8-0 News (E) 8-15 As in Baroda 8-30 Chhotam Krut Bhajano by Munikumar Desai 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-25 Sundaram Krut Geet by Munikumar Desai 6-35 Majoor Bhaio Mate 7-0 As in Baroda 7-15 Raojibhai Patel (Khayal Vilam bit and Drut) 7-45 Rashtradhwaj: Talk in Gujarati on Flag 8-0 As in Baroda 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Baroda 8-45 Kanadana Prakar by Ramanlal Mehta 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Raojibhai Patel (Khayal Vilambit ane Drut) 9-45 As in Baroda.

SAUDI ARABIAN BROADCASTS

The Royal Saudi Arabian Consulate informs that the Saudi Arabian Broadcasting station will give a special Broadcast on this year's Haj beginning from the October 2 daily at 17-00 to 18-00 Greenwich time on the following waves—50, 6175, 6100, 5975, 3990 and 750 Kilocycles. The Saudi Government has no objection if the same is relayed from the Indian Stations.

Inquiry Into Railway Accident

Mr. P. N. Mubayi, Government Inspector of Railways, Bombay, will hold an inquiry at Atru Station, starting at 11 a.m. on Thursday, October 6, 1949, in connection with the derailment of No. 503 Down Passenger between Salpura and Atru stations, G.I.P. Railway, which occurred on September 25, 1949.

Any member of the public having knowledge relating to the accident and matters connected therewith and desiring to give evidence may do so at Artu Railway Station on the date mentioned above, or write to the Government Inspector of Railways at Bombay.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
AUCTION AT D. G. I. & S. DEPOT, SEWRI, BOMBAY ON OCTOBER 11, 1949 AT 10-30 A.M.
STORES: Drum Fittings, viz. Flanges Plugs, Sealing Rings, Hexagon Closures complete with Screw Necks and Cups. Mould Cast Iron Rings. Channel Casting, Mild Steel Chains, Sewing Cotton etc. etc. AUCTIONEERS: M s. Gandhi & Co., 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. AUCTION CATALOGUE obtainable from auctioneers or this Office. Inspection from 7.10 49.
REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS)
Mercantile Chambers, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Phone: 30041
AC/RCD-B/60.

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REPORTS
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The running of the Fan is exceedingly quiet. The consumption of the Fan is small. The body of the motor felt barely warmer than the air. The general performance of the Fan is in our opinion very good.
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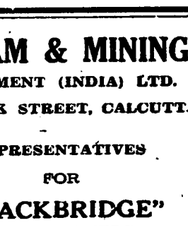
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"SWAYAM SIDDHA"
SHANTA APTE
(COURTESY S.A. CONCERNS)
12th TRIUMPHANT WEEK!
CENTRAL Daily: 3, 6-15 9-30. Sat., Sun., Mon. 11-45
RIVOLI Daily: 12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30

The Bombay Chronicle

We are never so much disposed to quarrel with others as when we are dissatisfied with ourselves.

ANONYMOUS.

NATIONAL WORK

The speeches and exhortations on the Gandhi National Week, and the broadcast of His Excellency Mr. Rajagopalachari on Vijaya Dashami Day that also has a connection with the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations, have one common point: They are so many appeals to the people to shed their suspicions of the Government and to accept the earnest endeavour of the National Government to eschew all communal and sectarian considerations and deal fairly between man and man. In the new conditions that have arisen with Independence, national service has taken on a new meaning. It is work which calls a different effort, sometimes even more patience, and always more devotion. The fear has been expressed that the people's affection for Gandhiji will express itself in sentimental adulation, leaving his principles unattended to and ignored. And there is already a free comparison to the myths and legends of Indian religious lore for analogies and parallels to the life of Gandhiji. It is not by these means that the work started by Gandhiji will be advanced. In recent discussions in the Constituent Assembly, if one thing stood out more than any other, it was the studious avoiding of reference to Gandhiji's guidance on the part of known Congressmen and the equally assiduous references to them by non-Congressmen or Congressmen whose devotion to Gandhiji was not hitherto suspected. From all of this, it is a natural feeling to cherish for ordinary men and women that it would be a real service to Gandhiji if people refrained from taking his name in vain but concentrated instead on doing the work which lies nearest at hand conscientiously. Practical realism was of the essence of the Master's teaching and it is this very quality that seems most lacking and most needed at the moment. The variety of points at which Gandhiji touched Life, have left numerous branches of national work. In some one or other of these, there is bound to be scope enough for him or her who wishes to repay his obligation to the society in which he is. And in most of these spheres, it is not possible to look to paid effort for the total achievement desired. A message that is applicable in all contexts and all lands, the core of Gandhiji's teachings is that no one can live unto himself alone, and live a full life.

If Rajaji dwelt on the contribution which each and everyone can make to the health and vigour of the State, the imperative need of the investing habit and the National Savings Certificate, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad stressed the importance of service and conveyed the assurance that the State was interested not in communities but in justice between man and man. The Maulana asked why the spirit that moved the people three years ago, was so lacking now. The question is worth asking and it is also worth trying to answer it. It is a fact which will not be contested that a nation cannot be always held at the peak of moral purpose. After every effort, there is bound to be a relaxation, an easing down as it were. Any attempt to perpetuate an unnatural situation must recoil on itself with terrible result. It is the part of statesmanship that social action and reaction should both be harnessed to a common forward movement, as the two strokes of a piston carry the locomotive continuously in one direction. Therefore, it is that, whilst individual reform is essential, organisational work to consolidate progress and hold it is equally to be desired. It is the latter which has been lacking in Indian national life and, because of this lack, there is a tendency to lose also the effort that goes into the task of individual regeneration. Gandhiji's was the privilege, the honour and the service of blazing the trail in several directions. His leadership was inspirational in the main; pragmatic to a much less extent. But, unless the practical side of national work is attended to by someone, the result will be disastrous. And it would be all the more deplorable because on several points Gandhiji himself has stressed the necessity of practical action and even marked the landmarks of work.

The tendency to emphasise the externals and to ignore the fundamentals, which is convenient for men whose time is taken up in the preoccupations of politics, is striking roots in the country. It is responsible for a good deal of the false notes that jar on the public-spirited. And it should be remembered that circumstances have vastly changed in the few years since India won her Independence. Too much has been said about the Congress Ministries and their sins of omission and commission. The Ministries can do nothing spectacular. It is the Congress party and its numerous committees that need to be looked into, for these are the organs that might be expected to convey the message of the Mahatma and to give it concrete meaning. How far have the party organs done their function? So far as the records speak, the party organisations have been absorbed in their political, electioneering, work and have overlooked the constructive side of Gandhiji's life and work. This is what needs attention immediately. The Ministries have done as much as they could in implementing the political programme of the Congress; its weak points lie in the field of clearing the administration and speeding up national reconstruction. But here too the supporting work that the party ought to do has been sadly lacking.

Italian Colonies

Agreeably surprising news comes from the headquarters of the United Nations General Assembly. It can almost be described as the most agreeable U.N. surprise for some years. Every effort was made last year and previously too to betray both the former Italian colonies and international decency. For it was sought to divide up the territories between certain big powers and—Italy. All the professions about democratic rights of subject peoples were conveniently forgotten. Worse and more abominable still, every pledge against condoning the guilt of Italy, a proclaimed aggressor and war criminal was coolly thrown overboard, so that instead of freeing the unfortunate peoples of the African colonies, they were to be handed over to the tender mercies of the very same masters whose brutal tyranny had become a by-word in allied circles. This wicked game of betraying the peoples of Italian colonies was frustrated at the last session of the U.N. General Assembly by Asian nations and a few other countries. The Great Powers manoeuvred to secure the postponement of final decision for a year. They had hoped that in that period of time they would manage to change things for the better.

A change for the better has certainly taken place but in an entirely different manner to what they wanted. Partly because of internal differences among Big Powers but mainly, we feel, because of the reactions against the project of an immoral and outrageous sell-out of Italian colonies. Mr. Hector McNeil made the other day on behalf of Britain a striking statement in favour of a modified plan for Eritrea and, more important, of a united Libya, with moreover, a recommendation to grant it independence in three to five years. One reservation was, however, made. Fezzan, a part of Libya was to be transferred to France. Simultaneously with this declaration, a move was made by India, on behalf of the anti-betrayal camp, to push forward the campaign of securing independence for the peoples of the Italian colonies. As a result of these developments and quite possibly out of the bitterness of chagrin, there has come forward an incredible and absolutely unexpected champion of independence for Italian colonies. That champion is no other than Italy herself through her Foreign Minister, Count Sforza. And he insists also on Fezzan remaining in Libya as it should instead of being gifted to France as it emphatically should not. Count Sforza's sudden advocacy of democratic justice for the former victims of Italian exploitation must have produced a sensation at Flushing Meadows. But, while the Big Powers and their supporters would scarcely be pleased by this turn in the situation, it would be heartily welcomed by Asian countries and those others who are similarly interested in democratic principles and justice.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

"I would like to say that whatever I have done, I have done in good faith between me and the people whose house I am living in, without paying any consideration to the inter-Dominion differences."

—General Delvoie to Bakshi Ghulam Mohammad.

* * *

"India", Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to have told an interviewer, "does not fear Communist aggression from the outside at present."

This will be brilliantly interpreted in certain quarters as meaning to say: sufficient into the present are India's own "Communists thereof.

* * *

"India," explained the Prime Minister, "is going to maintain an independent foreign policy—that is clear."

International Peace Day orators are humbly assured that a clear independent policy is not the same thing as a pro-Anglo-American war-mongering policy or vice versa.

* * *

According to a Madras report, a Communist detenu, who was under orders of release refused to go out of the jail and his "comrades" clashed with the warders in order to retain him with them.

The "comrades" of India are getting curioser and curioser.

* * *

Babu Sarat Chandra Bose has sent a cable to Mao Tse-tung felicitating him on his election as Chairman of "the Central People's Government of the Republic of China."

It is quite unnecessary to wonder why Sarat Babu managed to forget that Mao was a Communist and the Government a Communist Government.

* * *

LONDON: At the invitation of the Government of Pakistan, British forces are to take part in a combined operations exercise, which the Pakistan Staff College at Quetta will be carrying out this month.—Announcement by the First Lord of the British Admiralty.

That's O.K. by us. But—but—what will Stalin think?

* * *

In its accusatory note to the Soviet Union, Yugoslavia has quoted M. Stalin as having said in 1941 that Russia would never intervene in the internal affairs of a small country.

But doesn't Yugoslavia know that life and circumstances are dynamic and ever-progressing. What Stalin said was in 1941; since when progress has done eight dynamic years. And so on and so forth.

* * *

The Yugoslav note specifically lists 5 hostile Soviet acts, number 2 of which is the "misuse of the Cominform as a mask for the implementation of non-Socialist purposes."

But—but—we mean to say, Hullo what's that?

* * *

Mr. Scott Lucan, the U. S. Senate leader, warns that "an atomic arms race might lead to total war and a fiery finish for our (sic) whole civilisation."

So what?

OUR AMMAN NEWSLETTER:

Foreign Control Looms Large On Palestine Horizon

U.S. CAPITAL FOR JORDAN VALLEY PROJECT

AMMAN, (By Air Mail):

THE decision of the Palestine Conciliation Commission to create the Economic Survey Group (The Clapp Mission) is intrinsically political in nature and result, according to Arab concensus of opinion.

That decision has carried the Jews into an "advanced defence position," since it reduced the Palestine problem into one of finding homes for refugees and thus deprived it from being regarded as a problem demanding a fair, overall political handling, leading Arab opinion maintains.

It is stressed that the Clapp Mission trails two far-reaching political implications. It has been empowered to recommend the creation of a state of economic inter-dependence between Israel and the Arab states so as to confer on the existence of Israel an aspect of continuity in the Middle East. It also aims to open up the Middle East to increased foreign influence—through various agencies—which had either disappeared, or was on the verge of vanishing.

A SHADOW FORECAST

It is from behind the 'flimsy screen' of promised economic assistance to Middle Eastern countries that "there looms a distinct shadow of the return of foreign supervision and direction," Arab observers warn.

The consent of the Arab delegations at Lausanne was, therefore, a surprise even to independent observers, who describe, that acquiescence as lacking political wisdom. From a purely economic viewpoint, they maintain, the potential harm and dangers are even greater.

The first objective of the Mission will be to integrate Israeli economy into that of the Middle East with the consequent "disarming" of the Arabs from an effective political weapon—that of boycott of Israel.

There is no doubt that the dispatch of the Mission was decided for a moment most opportune to Israel, a well-informed Arab economic expert declared. The Jews in Israel were beginning to suffer the results of greatly reduced financial help from American Jewry. This diminution was increasing with the emergence of economic "contraction" in America, he explained.

Moreover, since many of Israel's industrial goods have lost the Middle East markets which they exploited during World War II., Jewish industrial concerns now look to the Arab territories as the natural outlet for their products.

Should Israel succeed in opening up those markets—which is what Arabs generally believe the Clapp Mission will endeavour to facilitate—Israel will revive her stagnant industries, and simultaneously secure the relegation of the economy of the Arab countries to one of agricultural producing areas, devoid of all elements any reasonable conversion within any reasonable period.

It is anticipated that the Mission will insist upon the execution of the Jordan Valley irrigation scheme, prepared by American Jewish engineers and sponsored by American Jewish finance, on lines similar to the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA). The appointment of Mr. Gordon Clapp, the director of the TVA, as Chairman of the Economic Survey Group is, therefore, highly significant in Arab eyes.

It is understood that American Jews have convinced their government of the urgency of introducing the Jordan Valley irrigation project with American capital so that Israel might "reclaim" large tracts in the desert region of the Negeb (in southern Palestine) for the absorption of new immigrants, and simultaneously allow Jordania to complete some of her own irrigation plans for settling a definite number of Palestinian Arab refugees.

Without the intervention of the E.S.G., Israel would be incapable of attempting the irrigation schemes at hand, Arab observers argue. The realisation of her plans, according to experts, requires the close co-operation of Syria, Lebanon and Jordania, where the main sources of the waters lie.

The outcome of such co-operation will inevitably be a kind of economic inter-dependence among them. That, in the opinion of Arab political leaders, is what Israel hopes to achieve in the first instance before embarking upon her professed expansionist plans.

The Mission's terms of reference are "dangerously ramified" in the Arab view. They entitle it to examine Arab economic in detail and to 'formulate plans for improvement" that will permit the absorption of large numbers of refugees.

According to recent declarations by Arab economy in detail and to for- influences discernible within the Mission's composition. American, British, French and Turkish interests, "jockeying for position," are expected to affect seriously the course of the investigations. These powers' intentions concerning the Middle East and its future are widely divergent, but they invariably conflict with Arab national aspirations.

COMPETITORS

Thus, France is trying her utmost to regain lost prestige and material interests. Britain—after she uprooted French influence from the Levant—now faces a competitor—the United States—more powerful and possessing greater resources, who is persistently striving to oust her from the Middle East. Turkey is known to nurse certain ambitions in the Middle East, and has openly disclosed them of late.

Considering all those factors, the work of the Clapp Mission cannot be described as an endeavour of economic investigation. Its work is political in the first degree, the Arabs maintain. A realistic appraisal of the same factors has lead them to assume that American influence intends to impose such plans as will benefit Israel primarily, allowing Jordania lateral benefit, and none at all to Syria.

On the contrary, Lebanese economy will be assigned to a French sphere of influence; and Syrian economy will be subjected to Turkish whim. All these apparently conflicting interests, however, agree on one issue: effectively to obstruct and retard every attempt to industrialise Arab economy so that it retains its present "primitive" and uneconomic agricultural features.

The important decision debated at present—now that the Mission commenced its work—for Egypt and the Arab states concerned is the choice between boycott an co-operation. It has been strongly urged by some influential quarters that boycott was the best in the circumstances. The prevailing view, however, seems to be advice to exclude the study of the general Arab economy by the Mission, and on making Arab co-operation conditional upon restricting its activities to investigating the economic possibilities of Palestine (both Arab and Jewish) with a view to determining the absorptive capacity of each area for rehabilitating Palestinian Arab refugees.

A POPULAR DEMAND

Meanwhile, a recent report by the London 'Observer', alleging a sudden change of British policy regarding the Palestine problem called forth—despite denial—a popular demand for a "stiffening" of the Arab attitude towards the Mission. In some respects, the Arab reaction amounted to advocating a reversal of the co-operative policy announced by the delegates of the four states (Syria, Lebanon, Egypt and Jordania) before the adjournment of the Lausanne conference earlier this month.

The "Observer" report said that Britain favoured the retention of the existing armistice demarcation lines as the boundaries of Israel, leaving 1 1|2 million acres only to the Arabs; and limiting of minorities in each Middle Eastern state, including Israel, to 100,000. Such limitation, the report said, would necessitate an exchange of populations, which would facilitate an even distribution of the remaining Palestinian refugees among Syria, Jordania and Iraq.

Official Lebanese and Egyptian spokesmen recently disclosed that neither country agreed to absorbing any refugees. While about 140,000 continued to reside in Lebanon "on sufference", Egyptian authorities last week completed the transfer of the total refugee population in all camps in Egypt to the Egyptian-held strip of country around Gaza in southern Palestine. Reports appearing in the mussled Syrian press stated that the Syrian view rejected the proposal of mass settlement of refugees in Syria.

This latest development is winning support from popular resentment expressed by refugees in Syria and Lebanon, who organised demonstrations in the larger towns, demanding immediate repatriation to their homeland.

The Mission's chairman, Mr. Gordon Clapp, and his colleagues witnessed one such demonstration upon their arrival in Beirut last week. There was no indication that the movement among the refugees was anything but spontaneous. The Lebanese police, it was reported at the time, intervened to disperse the excited crowds, who were preceded by about 500 wailing and weeping Palestinian women and children.

IRAQ'S STAND

Iraq's official stand on the subject of the E.S.G. was recently clarified by the former foreign minister, Dr. Fadel Jamali, when he declared that his country had "no relations with either the Palestine Conciliation Commission, its "derivatives", or with Israel." Iraq he added, still enforced the decisions of the Arab League calling on the Arab government for an economic boycott of Palestine Jews. The activities of the Mission were not, therefore, of any concern to Iraq, he stated. Iraq had her own irrigation projects, which she was trying to put into execution, and the settlement of Palestinian refugees did not figure in those schemes, Dr. Jamali concluded.

The Jordanian authorities were reported this week to have appointed a ministerial committee which will maintain contact with the E.S.G. It is reliably understood that the committee's "instructions" are to oppose vigorously any attempt by the Mission at integrating Israeli economy into that of Jordania.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A Lame Excuse

It is rather unfortunate that General Delvoie should have tried to admonish Bakshi Ghulam Mohammad. The General begins his letter with "it has pained me to receive your letter" and ends with, "I regret that my action has been misconstrued as being an abuse of the privilege you have given me." This is like the culprit rebuking the other side for protesting against an objectionable act committed by the former. It is the General, who misconstrued his own action and obligation and what should "pain" him is not the Kashmir Deputy Premier's protest but his own behaviour. For, even on his own admission General Delvoie has done something, which very emphatically he should never have done. It may be that he was not aware of the declaration of Mr. Effendi as an enemy agent. It may be that in spite of all that is being carried by the press these days on both sides about "evacuee property", General Delvoie was unaware of rules governing the disposal of 'evacuee' property even though he knew, he says, that Mr. Effendi was an evacuee. But very elementary commonsense inspired by a sense, again of an elementary obligation as a neutral and as an extremely important official of UNCIP, should have suggested to any man to inform the Kashmir Government of what he was doing on behalf of Mr. Effendi.

Air Of Innocence

This should have been specially so when he undertook to carry the seven boxes from the Bank vault to Rawalpindi. It should have occurred to him that removing those boxes was not exactly the same category of unimportance as removing—fishing tackle. There is also a report that certain almirah's in Mr. Effendi's house, which had been sealed by the Kashmir Government were broken open. But even apart from this report, does General Delvoie seriously expect ordinary human beings to think of him as such a naive and childishly innocent man that he felt there was no need to keep the Kashmir Government informed of the transporting services he was rendering to one, who, according to General Delvoie himself, was at least an evacuee if no worse?

Nai Talim

For the education of nearly 10,000 refugee children in the townships of Faridabad and Rajpura, the Government of India has accepted Nai Talim —Gandhiji's scheme of basic education. An experiment in the original basic scheme on a scale like this will be undertaken for the first time under the directions of the Government. Its progress should be watched with interest and with the hope that it proves a success. Since reorganisation of the present educational system is the aim of the various official plans, it will be necessary for the Government to define, in clear terms, the place of Nai Talim in the educational set-up of the country. In this connection, the Ministry of Rehabilitation has requested the Ministry of Education to give recognition to Nai Talim as on par with the existing system. The Government should have no hesitation in extending such recognition, but at the same time it should not fail to consider the question of the prospects of higher education in the current sense and of employment on the basis of educational qualifications in the case of students who would be asked to take to Nai Talim. Such students should not be stranded at the end of their education. The Government should give immediate thought to the necessity of making adjustments in the two systems, so that students of Nai Talim can join with least difficulty, institutions under the existing system if they so desire.

Subject Peoples And U. N.

The demand made on behalf of India for her inclusion in the missions appointed by the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations must be accepted by the Council. Being equipped with the experience of the tribulations of a country during a protracted stage of foreign domination, India is in a position to understand the grievances of the people under administrative unions. It appears that the Trusteeship Council, in its approach to the reports of the administrative authorities, has failed to attach sufficient importance to the petitions representing the case of the people. The Rev. J. D'Souza from India expressed disappointment with such procedure. Administrative unions, he declared, constituted the most serious menace to the United Nations' objective of eventual self-government or independence for Trusteeship territories. India's view-point is clear and consistent with the basic principles of democracy; and she should refuse to accept any compromise or make any concessions on it. The age of colonial administration—domination of any country by an alien power—must come to an end. With this objective, in view, the majority of the Asian countries, at the last session of the U. N. Assembly had voted against a compromise proposal to place Tripolitania under Italian trusteeship; and now India's chief delegate Sir B. N. Rau has made a suggestion to the Assembly that a Commission or Constituent Assembly should create organs of self-government in territories which are fit to manage their own affairs. Having attained independence, India cannot but urge the extension of the principle of self-government to subject people and to the territories which were emancipated from the bondage of the colonial system during the last war. The United Nations should be prompt in conceding, to such countries, their inherent right of self-government and should recommend, in the case of extremely backward territories, the setting up of an administrative machinery which should be entirely in the interests of the people. The U.N. Assembly should discard the usual dilatory procedures for the sake of granting relief to subject and oppressed people.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Mr. Churchill

Irrepressible Mr. Churchill has come out again with his fantastic argument that India's sterling balances should be wiped out against Britain's effort to defend India against the Japanese. The great war leader conveniently forgets that India did not enter war but it was forced on it by her foreign rulers. India too paid for the victory in blood and tears. Millions of her soldiers fought the enemy so Britain could survive. Thousands died because of the famine brought about by the war in the country itself. Workers slaved overtime for amounts which were paltry when compared with the wages in the West. Sterling balances were earned by the toil and sacrifices of the people and now they cannot be just wiped out. It is a debt of honour and if Britain wriggles out of it, as Mr. Churchill advocates, then Britain's name will be mud and India will think twice before she helps again Britain in distress.

—DIWAKAR NAGARKAR.

Unfair Advantage

Hundreds of educated girls have started working as typists and clerks in Government and private offices. What ordeals some of them have to face are revealed by Prime Minister Kher's replies in the Bombay Assembly. It is gratifying to note that the Government had taken action against the officer, who was taking liberties with some of the women employees, before the story was published in a local paper. Very often these things go on for a long time, because either the women do not complain, because they are afraid of losing their jobs or even after complaints superior officers do not take immediate action for the sake of false prestige of the department. As it is necessary for many middle class women to work to earn their living or to supplement the family budget, the Government and other private firms, who employ them, should see that they are given decent treatment.

—SUSHILA KALE.

Holiday Resorts

A few months ago I had read in the press that the Bombay Government is planning holiday resorts, where the middle class people could spend their holidays. I think the Elephanta Island and the National Park at Jogeshwari were mentioned. I tried to make inquiries but could get only vague information. Cannot the Government publish full information about this scheme and give full details about accommodation, food available and other conveniences? Also they should mention whether houses or huts are available for renting, if there are hotels in these places which will be suitable for the middle class people. It is strange that lot of publicity is given to these plans when they are announced by a minister but when one tries to get particulars one finds the whole scheme is vague or still on paper.

—J. H. SHELKE.

Study Of English

In view of the recommendation of the University Commission to continue English as the medium of instruction in higher education for 15 years more and in view of the decision of the Constituent Assembly to continue English as the administrative language for some years more, it is necessary to introduce the study of English from Std. VII onwards instead of from Std. VIII. Such a step will also help the P. S. C. passed pupils of 1950 to learn English without wasting a precious year. The secondary school course will then be of five years and the Government may not have to retrace the step they have taken in abolishing English from the first two years.

Belgaum, M. C.

—K. G. WARTY.

RANGOON IS ALERT AGAINST REBELS

Infiltration Increasing

RANGOON, Oct. 2 (UPI): All possible precautions to deal effectively with any emergency in the city of Rangoon have been taken by the authorities, following intelligence reports that insurgents might embark on subversive activities against the city.

It is believed that many rebels and their sympathisers are in the city. Their number is increasing in spite of extensive checking by the police. The authorities fear that the rebels might hamper the water pipe line to the city, and all residents have been advised to be on guard and render all possible service in case of emergency.

OPEN AIR

Many of our flowering trees, which are normally in their full glory during the hot weather, seem to be showing an unusually long season of blosom this year. Surely it is not usual to see the Gul Mohur and the Indian Laburnum still flowering freely as late as September, as they are in some gardens in Bandra. The Queen's Flower, (Lagerstromia Flos Regina) too, which was covered with its heavy tresses of crinkly purple flowers in May, is now showing a second crop of blossom. Another tree which we have seen flowering in various parts of the City and Suburbs since the end of June is the Kleinhovia, a moderately large tree with shiny, heart-shaped leaves. The flowers, which individually are small and insignificant, are borne in large, loose, drooping clusters of beautiful rose pink, and when the tree is in full bloom the dark foliage seems to be delicately veiled with pink. The small fruits, which are encased in a papery, coat, remain on the tree for several months. It is definitely a tree which deserves to be planted more generally as a shade tree on our roadsides. The Kleinhovia is a native of Malaya and was first introduced into Ceylon in 1820.

D. R.

East Bengal Prove Too Good For Tatas

CALCUTTA CHAMPIONS' FINE EXHIBITION

Dhanraj And Taj Mahomed Impress In Rovers Cup Soccer

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE packed Cooperage ground witnessed first class football executed by Calcutta's league champions, East Bengal and Bombays side Tatas in the quarter final of the Rovers Cup football Tournament. East Bengal triumphed by two goals to nil in a game where Bombays soccer fans learnt the finer points of every department of the game.

East Bengal's forwards moved like precision and always seemed to be in rythm. Dhanraj was dangerous everywhere and he could be seen moving swiftly, but surely. The wingers anticipation was something to be noted and Taj Mahomed the full back was outstanding.

Tatas defence Papens junior and senior stole the honours of a game of defence and in the forward line Anthony Braganza was the lonesome stranger on the familiar turf, wending his way whenever and whatever way he could. All his attempts however, proved futile.

Tatas had a lucky escape in the tenth minute when Dhanraj sitting off side in Tatas goal tried a point blank shot, but Thingalaya saved brilliantly what looked a certain goal. Tatas never flagged in their defence and their attack kept moving when they could.

Dhanraj just tapped in a fine centre from left outer Saich which bulleted into goal post the helpless Thingalaya to give East Bengal the lead in the fifteen minute of play.

Dhanraj was always wily and to keep him in check was a serious problem to the Tata defence particularly Papen who found East Bengals centre constantly here, there and everywhere. and it was this superb goal by him that enabled East Bengal to cross over with a one goal advantage.

On resumption East Bengal had a grand opportunity to go further ahead but Abid Hussain who head ballooned the ball too high. From now on Tatas were giving East Bengal's goalie Mookerjee some anxious moments and Anthony Braganza shot for Tatas the very first time, but the ball was placed over the cross bar by Mookerjee.

A few second later Peter Ferrao made a feeble attempt which was easily collected by the Bengal goalie. A little later Anthony Braganza had the misfortune of seeing a well directed powerful kick just miss the upright dangerously.

Transferring play East Bengals right outer Venkatesh sent in a well directed shot just just went wide. Tatas were now again subjected to an anxious time and within the space of two minutes their goal escaped narrowly. Dhanraj failed to shoot into an empty goal when Thingalaya left his post to collect a kick from the left outer. Then from a pass from the eight outer Saleh failed to head past Thingalaya bnt right into him.

Mookerjee who had very little to do in the first session was having his hands quite full and he affected a remarkable save when Balan sent the ball in dangerouely into goal mouth from the left extreme position.

A free kick came East Bengal's way when Papen (Jr.) was penalized 15 yards outside the Tata goal area for fouling Saleh but Thingalaya collected and cleared well.

Tatas also gained a free kick 30 yards from the opponents goal but it was a pity that the pass from Balan to Krishnan just grazed the cross bar. Anthony Braganza was now responsible for two good attempts but on both occasions Mookerjee saved confidently.

Dhanraj, East Bengals star centre forward was warned by referee Panton for questioning his decision about his being off side.

Damodar was penalized for handling the ball 25 yards from home and Venkatesh took the kick but it missed narrowly. Soon a minute later—in the 27th minute Dhanraj was again able to put paid to Tatas effort in the Rovers Cup by sending a dazzling shot past Thingalaya after Saleh, the left outer had eluded both the Papens to give East Bengal their second goal.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage
5-15 p.m. Grasshoppers (Madras) vs. Burmah Shell (Rovers Cup).

St. Xavier's Parel
3-15 P.M. Vijay Kumar vs Dadar Harijans (Georgian Cup).
4-15 P.M. Goan Sports 'A' vs Bombay Amateurs (Exhibition).
5-20 P.M. Don Bosco H.S. vs St. Stanislaus H.S. (Ahmed Sailor Final replay).

Brabourne Stadium
3-15 P.M. Little Flower of Jesus School (Inter Class final).
4-15 P.M. St. Anthony's Siolim vs Aldona S.C. (Boy's Championship).
5-15 P.M. Navelim S.C. vs Siolim XI. (B.G.A.A. Championship)

TABLE TENNIS

P J. Hindu Gymkhana
6-00 P.M. Onwards Men's Singles Final; followed by Junior Singles Final, followed by Men's Doubles Final and followed by Mixed Doubles Final.

BADMINTON

W.I.A.A. Club House
9-30 A.M. and 3 P.M. Open Badminton tournament.

Stop Press

DINNER FOR NEHRU

NEW YORK, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and Dr. Phillip Jessup, newly-appointed Adviser to the American State Department on Far-Eastern Affairs, will be among the speakers at the public dinner to be given to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in New York on Oct. 19.

SUFFICIENT ARMOUR

SRINAGAR, Oct. 2 (PTI): Sheikh Mohammed Abdullah, the Kashmir Premier in a recorded broadcast message today on the occfasion of Gandhi Jayanti from Srinagar Radio station, called upon the Kashmiris to hold steadfast to Gandhian ideals of nonviolence and truth which, he said, were sufficient armour against destructive forces.

RUSSIA AND RED CHINA

LONDON, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter): Moscow Radio announced tonight that relations had been estabilished between the Soviet Government and the Chinese Peoples Central Government.

W.I.A.A. BADMINTON TOURNAMENT

Davinder Mohan And Sushil Ruia Extended

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The following are the results in the matches played today in the Western India Automobile Association Open Badminton tournament:—

The following were the results:—

MEN'S DOUBLES

Davinder Mohan and S.R. Ruia beat L.R. Agaskar and V.C. Raikar, 5-15, 15-13, 15-6; G.P. Shirke and R.A. Dongre beat M.R. Kundaji and Partner; 15-4, 15-6; D. M. Bhatia and K. K. Verma beat Madhav Pittie and Madhu Pittie,. 17-14, 18-16; P.D. Raut and B.R. Agaskar w.o. D. Damania and V. G. Kapadia, D.G. Mugwe and M.K. Bhopardikar beat V.T. Mehta and J. G. Kirawant, 15-7, 15-6; T. Mahadevan and P.T. Bhide w.o. K.M. Rangnekar and Partner; G. Lewis and M.N. Desai w.o. "A" Pair.

Davindar Mohan and S.R. Ruia beat P.D. Raut and B. R. Agaskar, 15-4, 15-7; G.P. Shirke and R.A. Dongre w. o. D.M. Bhatia and K.K. Verma; D. G. Mugwe and M K. Bhopardikar beat T. Mahadevan and B. M. Pradhan, 15-2, 15-4; G. Lewis and M. N. Desai w.o. C. DeSouza and G. Fernandes.

MIXED DOUBLES

G. Lewis and Mrs. L. Lewis beat V. V. Madgaonkar and Mrs. P. Nariman, 15-7, 15-9; B.D. Shroff and Mrs. B. Castellino beat G.S. Kalyanpur and Miss Mathai, 15-10, 15-4; Henry Ferreira and Miss Betty Farias beat S.S. Parulekar and Miss Palekar, 15-9, 15-5; Davinder Mohan and Miss S.R. Rege beat R.A. Dongre and Mrs. K. Newaskar, 15-10. 15-7; V.T. Mehta and Partner beat J. Hewitt and Mrs. R.N. Cuthbertson, 15-2, 18-16; G. P. Shirke and Miss S. Nigudkar w.o. 'A' Pair.

TODAY'S FIXTURES

Men's Doubles

9-30 a.m. G.P. Shirke and R. A. Dongre vs Davinder Mohan and S. R. Ruia; 9-50 a.m. D.G. Mugwe and M.K. Bhopardikar vs G. Lewis and M. N. Desai; 10-10 a.m. H. Ferreira and H.K. Talyarkhan vs B.P. Koppikar & P M. D. Thackersey; 10-30 a.m. C.P. Merchant and G.S. Kalyanpur vs B. D. Shroff and P. S. Nilkant.

Mixed Doubles

10-50 a.m. Mr. and Mrs. G. Lewis vs G. Dastagir and Partner or K. M. Rangnekar and partner; 11-10 a.m. B.D. Shroff and Mrs. B. Castellino vs M.K. Bhipardikar and Miss T. Vakeel; 11-30 a.m. H. Ferreira and Miss Betty Farias vs Davinder Mohan and Miss S. D. Rege; 11-50 a.m. Vithal Mehta and Partner vs G.P. Shirke and Miss S. Nigudkar. Interval. 4-00 p.m. Ladies Doubles Semi-final; 5-00 p.m. Men's Doubles Semi-finals; 6-00 p.m. Mixed Doubles Semi-finals.

MADISON CYCLE RACE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The second annual 30 Miles Madison Cycle race of the Swastic Cycling Club attracted entries from seven teams. Good pace was maintained throughout the race but with four laps to go, when the cyclists started manoeuvring for position, K. B. Pastakia made a decisive break away bringing his team to victory. The winners of the race were:—

1st: K. B. Pastakia, H. R. Havewalla. Time: 1 hr. 33 mins. 46 secs.
2nd: R. R. Noble, A. R. Havewalla
3rd: B. Malcolm, D. B. Guard.

The prize winners decided on the number of points scored in the sprint laps, (every fifth lap) are as under:

1st: R. R. Noble, A. R Havewalla 22 Points.
2nd: K. B. Pastakia, H. R. Havewalla 15 Points.
3rd: P. R. Sarkari, R. P. Elavia, 14 Points.

The Club will organise 1 Mile massed start cycle race for ladies and 10 Miles massed start cycle race for Novices on Sunday the 9th October at the Oval starting at 6-45 a.m.

Flocon To Run In French Classic

PARIS, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter):—Baron Geoffrey de Waldner's Flocon who today won the 800,000 Francs Prix Henry Delamarre for three—year-old over one mile three furlongs at Longchamp will run in the Prix de Larc Triomphe here next Sunday.

Fred Palmer, who rode Flocon today, will be up next Sunday.

Flocon, beat the favourite M. De Saug's Mikado Two by three lengths with Mrs. Alvador's Commando a further length away third of seven runners.

Parimutuel returns for ten francs: Win eighteen, Places fifteen, thirty-eight.

POONA RACE SELECTIONS

Anant Lakshmi And Prince Of Mahad Have Outstanding Chances

BY OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT

The following are my selections for Autumn races first day due for decision at Poona today:—

1st Race:
FURAT Win
HEARTBREAKER Next Best

2nd Race:
KANTAKA Win
GRACE DARLING Next Best

3rd Race:
DESERT HAWK Win
MIDINETTE Next Best

4th Race:
NO NO NANETTE Win
PLUCKY PRINCESS Next Best

5th Race:
ANANT LAKSHMI Win
MAHA MAYA Next Best

6th Race:
PRINCE OF MAHAD Win
ROYAL MANTLE Next Best

7th Race:
BROKEN MASK Win
ROHINI Next Best
If ab. UNTAMED PRINCE

8th Race:
RANG RAO Win
MERRY WINDSOR Next Best

CHOICE TREBLE
FURAT
ANANT LAKSHMI
PRINCE OF MAHAD

FLUKES
ICY HOT
AYAAZ

BROWN WINS CHAMPIONSHIP

"News Of The World" Snooker

LONDON, Oct. 1 (PTI-Reuter)—Albert Brown of Birmingham made certain of winning his "News of the World" Snooker Tournament match against Canada's Conrad Stanbury today when at the interval of their 37 frames match he led by 19 to 11

At the start of the penultimate session this afternoon Brown was in the strong position of leading by 16 to 8 and though Stanbury won the first two and also took the fourth he was beaten in third, fifth and sixth which gave Brown his winning advantage.

Scores this afternoon (with Brown first) were: 53 to 56, 56 to 80. 76 to 48, 19 to 84, 78 to 37 and 90 to 23.

Brown eventually ran out winner by 25 frames to 12. He won 6 of 7 frames played in tonight's final session in which the scores (Brown first) were as follows: 85 to 50 63 to 46; 71 to 52 44 to 52; 111 to 14 75 to 35 and 56 to 37.

WEST INDIES TOUR OF ENGLAND

M.C.C. To Decide About Four-Day Tests

LONDON, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter): Arrangements for the test matches to be played by the West Indies cricket team in England next summer will not be completed until a meeting during the winter.

The negative end to last season's test series, when New Zealand held England to a draw in each of the four threeday matches, has brought many followers of the game to the conclusion that the West Indies should be granted fourday tests. But some clubs, it is understood, object to the longer games and it may well be that the M.C.C. will grant only three days.

Fourday tests are not generally popular with the counties because they mean the loss of players' services for two consecutive matches. In the case of a player chosen for four tests, his county would be deprived of his services for eight matches, instead of four when threeday tests are being played.

The incomparable drawing power of the Australians in England provides profits which atone for this consideration, but, popular as they may be, no other touring team has quite their general appeal.

BLUE EAGLES' NARROW WIN

H. V. M. Football Tournament

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Blue Eagles scored a narrow win over the junior string of Globe Sports by two goals to one the winning goal being scored in the second half of extra time enabling the former to qualify for the quarter-final of the H.V.M. Cup Tournament where they are due to meet Reserve Bank by virtue of their win this evening at the St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

At full time both teams were on even terms and extra time was ordered to be played by the referee. In the second half of the extra period Vaz scored the all important goal.

Earlier in the evening Indian Gymkhana entered the quarter-final of the Das Cup at the expense of Volkart Bros. whom they bea tby four goals to one.

GEORGIAN CUP

In the Georgian Cup Tournament Dandi United beat Mahar Panchayat by a solitary goal scored by Narayan.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter):—Belgium beat Switzerland by three goals to zero after a goalless first half in an International Football match here today.

SUNDER ESCAPE DEFEAT VERY NARROWLY

Jolly Cricketers Lose First Match; Bombay Gym's. Initial Victory

BOMBAY, Sunday.

NOTHING could have pleased the supporters of the Bombay Gymkhana more than their first win in the Kanga Cricket League on Sunday, when they unexpectedly beat Maharashtra Young Cricketers by 25 runs on the first innings on their home ground.

The visitors fared badly against the bowling of Bath, Wades and Dickinson and were dismissed for 105. The Bombay Gymkhana began inauspiciously when they lost their first three wickets with only 23 runs of the deficit wiped off. But then the situation was retrieved with a partnership of 68 between Dickinson and Leigh. When the last wicket fell the Gymkhana had made 130.

The Sunder Cricket Club were lucky to survive a defeat at the hands of the Dadar Hindu Gymkhana on the latter's ground at Dadar. Batting first, the Hindu Gymkhana were put out for 109, the principal scorer being V. L. Manjrekar with 46. The other oatsmen offered feeble resistance against the bowling of D. G. Phadkar, who returned the analysis of 21.4-6-33-7. When stumps were pulled, Sunder Cricket Club had collected 67 with two wickets in hand.

The Jolly Cricketers suffered their first reverse when they succumbed to Fort Vijaya Cricket Club by two wickets on the first innings, while the Young Zoroastrians' enhanced their position in the tables by being the first when they gained a 20-run win over the Islam Gymkhana at the Kennedy Sea Face.

Prabhu Young Cricketers moved up in the table in Group "B", when they recorded on outright win over the Bohra Cricketers at the Azad Maidan. In the last division, the Aga Khan Gymkhana emulated the Prabhu Young Cricketers, their triumph being obtained over the Young Men's Muslim Association on the Cross Maidan.

golden opportunity of being promoted

The Catholic Gymkhana lost a golden opportunity of being promoted to Group "B" as in their tie against the Bandra Gymkhana only five of their players put in their appearance. The result was a walk-over for the Bandra Gymkhana.

The following were the scores:

GROUP "A"

Fort Vijaya vs. Jolly Cricketers

JOLLY CRICKETERS: V. N. Raiji lbw Mashruwalla 5, M. M. Amersey c Asher b H. G. Kapadia 21, A. J. Dossa run out 2, U. M. Merchant lbw b H. G. Kapadia 34, K. M. Bhatia b H. G. Kapadia 0, H. E. Reshamwalla b Ved 19, R. R. Chandorkar not out 9, M. L. Apte c Merchant b Desai 13, V. K. Javeri c R. V. Kapadia b Desai 0, M. R. Mistri b H. G. Kapadia 0, C. K. Asher c Merchant b H. G. Kapadia 0, Extras 6, Total 109.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: V. M. Merchant 5-2-5-0; H. G. Kapadia 13.3-1-24-5; N. D. Ved 18-1-32-1; K. C. Mashruwalla 11-4-23-1; R. M. Desai 12-3-19-2.

FORT VIJAYA: V. M. Merchant lbw Bhatia 41, G. K. Vora c Dossa b Javeri 5, H. G. Kapadia c Apte b Reshamwalla 26, K. C. Mashruwalla run out 0, J. M. Sampat c Apte b Reshamwalla 10, A. O. Shah not out 15, N. D. Ved run out 4, S. P. Bhatia run out 0, R. V. Kapadia run out 2, R. M. Desai not out 3, R. G. Asher did not bat, Extras 6, Total (for 9 wkts.) 112.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: V. K. Javeri 10-5-19-1; H. E. Reshamwalla 22-3-42-2; V. N. Raiji 12-6-15-0; M. R. Mistry 12-2-19-0; K. M. Bhatia 8-1-18-1; A. J. Dossa 3-0-3-0.

Maharashtra C. C. vs. Bombay Gym.

MAHARASHTRA YOUNG CRICKETERS: L. B. Kenny c Mather b Bath 27, V. H. Fatefekar c Thomas b Dickenson 12, K. S. Ingle b Dickinson 13, T. S. Naidu c Leigh b Dickinson 0, S. K. Girdhari c Leigh b Wales 4, Om Prakash b Bath 12, G. Nanik c Thomas b Wales 5, S. S. Balgie c Mather b Bath 4, K. R. Panjri c Mather b Dickinson 0, R. D. Dadarkar lbw Wales 23, R. V. Gavaskar not out 3, Extras 2, Total 105.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: P. J. Dickinson 15-7-30-4; G. Bath 21-4-55-3; C. D. Wales 6.4-0-18-3.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA: K. D. Slade c Fatefekar b Nanik 0, A. N. Brewer b Nanik 2, R. C. Thomas c Fatefekar b Nanik 3, P. J. Dickinson c Om Prakash b Girdhari 43, E. B. Leigh c Ingle b Girdhari 46, R. F. Moss lbw Panjri 0, G. Marsden b Panjri 5, H. P. Mather b Panjri 5, F. Edwards b Panjri 9, G. Bath c and b Girdhari 8, C. D. Wales not out 1, Extras 8, Total 130.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: K. R. Panjri 14.5-4-32-4; G. Nanik 8-0-44-3; L. B. Kenny 2-0-8-0; S. K. Girdhari 7.3-0-38-3.

Dadar Hindu Gym. vs. Sunder C. C.

DADAR HINDU GYM.: C. S. Koregonkar b Phadkar 0, Godambe c Dias b Phadkar 0, M. S. Patil c Dias b Phadkar 4, T. S. Satam c Parsuram b Shankar 5, V. L. Manjrekar c Parsuram b Phadkar 46, A. Jagasia c Shankar b Palwankar 1, S. R. Marathe b Palwankar 4, S. V. Agne c Mowdawalla b Phadkar 4, Y. B. Patwa b Phadkar 5, B. P. Darne c Shetty b Phadkar 28, V. P. Marketkar not out 1, Extras 11, Total 109.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: D. G. Phadkar 21.4-6-33-7; B. N. Mowdawalla 8-5-10-0; S. M. Shankar 16-6-16-1; Y. B. Palwankar 8-3-13-2; M. S. Kharwa 2-0-4-0; B. G. Patel 5-2-4-0; J. V. Parsuram 6-1-18-0.

SUNDER C. C.: G. S. Wagh b Batwa 10, V. Dias lbw Agne 3, S. M. Shankar lbw Patil 2, Y. B. Palwankar b Patil 9, B. G. Patel b Patil 0, M. S. Shetty run out 0, D. G. Phadkar c and b Marketkar 15, J. V. Parsuram c Godambe b Patil 0, M. S. Kharwa not out 20, M. H. Fezi not out 2, B. N. Mowdawalla did not bat, Extras 6, Total (for 8 wkts.) 67.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Agne 3-1-9-1; Manjrekar 2-0-4-0; Patil 22-11-16-4; Patwa 25-9-25-1; Marketkar 4-1-7-1.

Islam Gym. vs. Young Zoroastrians

ISLAM GYM.: K. C. Kassam c Irani b Unwalla 30, I. U. Koppekar c Bharucha b Umrigar 0, K. C. Abdulla c Umrigar b Bharucha 0, M. M. Mohiuddin b Pavri 32, F. I. Makwa c Umrigar b Pavri 27, S. K. Ratansey c Umrigar b Unwalla 0, T. Hussein b Pavri 10, M. A. Latiff lbw Rajkotwalla 12, Anwar lbw b Pavri 2, A. A. Hakim b Pavri 6, Chaiwalla not out 0, Extra 1 Total 120.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: P. R. Umrigar 8-1-14-1; M. T. Rajkotwalla 19.4-6-48-2; G. R. Shroff 5-2-6-0; P. Pavri 18-6-33-5; J. Unwalla 8-2-16-2.

YOUNG ZOROASTRIANS C.C.: R. Bharucha c Hakim b Makwa 6, A. Irani b Makwa 17, M. T. Rajkotwalla b Hakim 5, P. R. Umrigar lbw b Latiff 79, Shroff b Abdulla 11, M. Irani c Mohiuddin b Hussein 6, I. Unwalla b Latiff 5, K. Peddar c Koppekar b Latiff 0, Shastri b Latiff 3, J. Unwalla c Hakim b Hussein 1, P. Pavri not out 0, Extras 7, Total 140.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: F. I. Makwa 11-0-38-2; A. A. Hakim 8-3-14-1; M. A. Latiff 11-1-32-4; K. C. Abdulla 7-1-27-1; M. M. Mohiuddin 3-0-7-0; T. Hussein 3.5-0-15-2.

The following were the other results:

GROUP "B"

Bohra Cricket lost to Prabhu Young Cricketers by four wickets.

BOHRA CRICKETERS 71 (W. S. Kothare 4 for 6, S. S. Trilolekar 4 for 15) and 31 (V. M. Kothare 4 for 10, W. S. Kothare 4 for 13); Prabhu Young Cricketers 63 (Z. Reshamwalla 5 for 19, S. Heptulla 3 for 11) and 41 for 6.

Brothers Club beat Dadar Parsi Colony S. C. by 84 runs on the first innings:

BROTHERS CLUB: 199 for 8 decl. (J. B. Khot 51, P. D'Souza 38, J. C. Roach 28, M. Engineer 4 for 58, D. Engineer 2 for 11); DADAR PARSI COLONY S. C. 115 (J. N. Koli 3 for 13, G. Jethamani 2 for 11).

Parsi Gymkhana lost to Gowd Saraswat C. C. by 69 runs on the first innings:

PARSI GYM. 69 (M. M. Dalvi 6 for 32, N. D. Bhandorkar 3 for 17) and 154 for 7 (H. A. Printer 41, P. M. Kateli 55, Dalvi 3 for 37, M. D. Telang 3 for 31); GOWD SARASWAT C. C.: 138 (S. D. Telang 32, G. F. Dabholkar 31, J. B. Patel 5 for 31).

GROUP "C"

Aga Khan Gymkhana beat Young Men's Muslim Association by 43 runs:

AGA KHAN GYM. 75 (A. A. Shaikh 5 for 25) and 40 for 9 decl.; YOUNG MEN'S MUSLIM ASSOCIATION: 31 (S. Karmali 4 for 4; E. Gulamali 2 for 0, A. Poonji 3 for 10) and 41.

Bandra Gymkhana w.o. Catholic Gymkhana.

AMAZING DEFEAT OF KUMAR GHOSH BY EIGHTEEN-YEAR OLD R. KUMAR

Chandarana Heading For Triple Crown: Two Titles For Mrs. Gool Nasikwala

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Eighteen-year old B.A. student from Delhi R. Kumar, who was on his vacation in the city registered an amazing victory over none other than the Indian international player Kumar Ghosh whom he beat this evening in three straight games in the semi-final of the Hindu Gymkhana table tennis tournament. In the other semi-final Uttam Chandarana the national champion avenged his earlier defeat that he sustained in Calcutta some time back in an exhibition game at the hands of another promising youngster Ranbhir Bhandari. To Gool Nasikwala went the honour of winning both the women's events, and but for the unfortunate letting down by her partner Sivaraman in the mixed doubles, she would have had an excellent opportunity of winning the triple crown.

Unassuming collegian R. Kumar, who in the Islam Gymkhana tournament which concluded last week had lost in the very first round to Baliga, was himself very much surprised when I went up to congratulate him after the sensational three-game defeat of Kumar Ghosh, and all that I could get out of him was that he was disappointed because he said that he had spoiled tomorrow's final which he will have to play against the leading Indian player Uttam Chandarana. Hardly getting any practice back home, Kumar played a very brainy game to outwit Kumar Ghosh. Playing a very steady game bordering more on the half-volley defence type, Kumar continued to maintain a lead during the first half of the opening game. Kumar became so nervous that he could hardly reproduce even one single that has made him the idol of Bombay crowds. Kumar Ghosh was playing not only a subdued game, but he was playing as if he was a demoralised player. In the beginning he took things easy, and later on when he tried real hard to get the game round in his favour he found that he could do so. And all this time, the eighteen-year old R. Kumar did not throw away the opportunity that came as a blessing to him. Kumar Ghosh immediately went off form, and he further clinched the issue by showing a great deal of grit when he mixed his half-volley defence with extremely accurate forehand strokes that were more like fast pushes than punches or smashes. Although he was down a few points in the initial game, the situation never was out of his hands, and he quickly levelled at sixteen all. But the remaining points of the game changed the whole complexion of the game. Try as hard as he would, Kumar Ghosh could never get his strokes, and in an attempt to get them correct he overhit each and every one of them. Always having the lead of one precious point, Kumar from Delhi won the first game at 22-20. But that took the fight out of Ghosh, who was not his own self after this, and he lost the next game at 19-21. The third game was however a one-sided affair and Kumar won as he liked conceding only ten points to his well-known opponent.

R. Kumar now meets Uttam Chandarana in the final tomorrow. Uttam defeated in straight games, without any difficulty his old opponent Ranbhir Bhandari, who had some years back in Calcutta lowered his colours in an exhibition match. This game however produced many thrilling moments, and Bhandari added to all that by successfully Uttam's attack, and getting away with it too.

Mrs. Gool Nasikwala yet won another title, when in the final of the women's singles she easily beat her old rival Mrs. Banoo Cama in three straight games. Later in partnership with her former partner Miss Enid Bocarro she won the doubles defeating Bombay's leading women's doubles combination Miss Jaya Walawalkar and Miss Suhasini Dharap in the final in four games.

Unfortunately due to her partner Sivaraman's letting down the Hindu Gymkhana and her as well, Gool lost the opportunity of "bagging" the coveted the triple crown.

Ranbir Bhandari entered two finals this evening, both the doubles. In partnership with Mrs. Banoo Cama he beat Ossie Dyer and Miss end Bocarro in four games to enter the final where the pair will meet Uttam Chandarana and Miss Piroja Irani, who had beaten Laljee and Miss Suhasini Dharap.

In partnership with Sam Motiwala, Ranbir beat easily Baliga and Gandhi in three straight games. In the other semi-final, Uttam Chandarana entered his third final, when in partnership with Ranvir Khatau, he beat Patkar and Shroff in four games. Ranvir today gave an excellent support to Uttam, and it was mainly due to the combined efforts of the two, they won the semifinal. At one stage Shroff tried to attack the weak backhand of Ranvir, but Ranvir brought the match to a successful conclusion by executing brilliant strokes.

The following were the results:—

WOMEN'S SINGLES FINAL

Mrs. Gool Nasikwala beat Mrs. Banoo Cama 21-8, 21-15, 21-18

WOMEN'S DOUBLES FINAL

Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and Miss Enid Bocarro beat Miss Jaya Walawalkar and Miss S Dharap 21-9 14-21, 21-12, 21-14.

MIXED DOUBLES SEMI-FINALS

Ranbir Bhandari and Mrs. Banoo Cama beat Ossie Dyer and Miss Enid Bocarro 13-21, 21-17; 21-18, 21-12; Uttam M. Chandarana and Miss Piroja Irani beat B. A Laljee and Miss S. Dharap 21-16, 19-21, 21-18, 21-18

MEN'S SINGLES SEMI-FINALS

R. Kumar beat Kumar Ghosh 22-20, 21-10 Uttam M Chandarana beat Ranbir Bhandari 21-13, 21-12, 21-13.

JUNIOR SINGLES SEMI-FINALS

S. K. Thakersey beat M. L. Lulla 21-19, 21-14 I. R. Joosab beat E. C. Baria 18-21, 21-11, 21-15

MEN'S DOUBLES SEMI-FINALS

Uttam M. Chandarana and R. M. Khatau beat J S. Patkar and S L. Shroff 21-9, 21-12, 17-21, 21-16 Ranbir Bhandari and S. N. Motiwala beat S. N. Gandhi and B P Baliga. 21-10. 21-16, 21-12

Exhibition Table Tennis At Mysore Assn. Tomorrow

BOMBAY, Sunday: A series of Exhibition Table Tennis Maches has been arranged at the Mysore Association, Bhau Daji Road, King's Circle, Matunga, on Tuesday the 4th instant at 7-15 p.m. The two International players, U. M. Chandarana and Kumar Ghosh along with Ranbhir Bhandari (Bengal No. 1) and other prominent Bombay players Khanchand, Dyer will be participating. Admission will be by tickets, available at the premises.

Life's DEAREST Experience.. Gopinath

R
KEROSENE QUANTUM

THE VALUES of kerosene units on various ration documents have been fixed for the month of October 1949 as shown below:

	Per Unit Per Ration Document
K(L) Card (Lighting Purposes)	one gallon
K(L) Business card (Lighting Purposes)	one gallon
K(H) Card (Non-Lighting Purposes)	one gallon
K(H) Permit (Non-Lighting Purposes)	3 gallons

R
GOVERNMENT CLOTH SHOPS

GOVERNMENT HAS DECIDED to sell at the following Government Cloth shops:—

1. Government Cloth Shop No. IV, Delisle Road.
2. Government Cloth Shop No. IX, Narayan Dhuru Street, Nagdevi.
3. Government Cloth Shop No. X, Gamdevi.
4. Government Cloth Shop No. XI, Victoria Gardens Road, Byculla.
5. Government Cloth Shop No. XXII, Bhavanishankar Road, Dadar.

(i) fents (ii) seconds and (iii) rejected cloth and (iv) unsaleable cloth returned by Retail Cloth Distributors at Ex-Mill rates plus the excise duty and sales tax. The Ex-Mill rates have been stamped on each roll (Taka).

Similarly, the following Government Cloth Shops —

1. Government Cloth Shop No. I, Gunbow Street, Fort.
2. Government Cloth Shop No. II, Gasder Street, Girgaon.
3. Government Cloth Shop No. III, Glass Road, Byculla.
4. Government Cloth Shop No. V, Parsi Colony, Dadar.
5. Government Cloth Shop No. VI, Ghatkopar.
6. Government Cloth Shop No. VII, Bandra.
7. Government Cloth Shop No. VIII, Dr. Viegas Street.

are allowed to sell all varieties of rationed cloth excluding fents, seconds, rejected cloth or unsaleable cloth returned by the Retail Cloth distributors.

Towels, towelling cloth, chadders, napkins, bed tickings etc., of non-wearable varieties will be available in all Government Cloth Shops.

COMPROMISE FORMULA FOR EAST PUNJAB

Punjabi & Hindi As Regional Languages In Their Own Areas

NEHRU & SARDAR APPROVE SACHAR CABINET DECISION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 2 (PTI).—Proposals on the language question in the East Punjab agreed to by various parties in the Province and having the approval of the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister of India were released here today.

The latest formula lays down that Punjabi shall be the regional language in the Punjabi-speaking area and Hindi shall be the regional language in the Hindi-speaking area. The Provincial Government will determine such areas after expert advice.

According to the formula, English and Urdu will, for the present, continue as official and court languages; these will be replaced progressively by Hindi and Punjabi in the light of the principles laid down in the resolution adopted by the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress on August 5, 1949.

The draft was finally approved today by Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel at a conference with the East Punjab Premier Mr. Bhimsen Sachar Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Finance Minister, Chaudhari Lahri Singh, Minister for Public Works and Giani Kartar Singh, MLA (East Punjab) who represented the Sikh viewpoint.

NEHRU-SARDAR STATEMENT

Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel in a joint statement on the issue express the hope that the formula which represents the unanimous view of the East Punjab Cabinet would be accepted by all concerned in a spirit of friendly co-operation.

The statement adds: "The Cabinet of the East Punjab Government referred the language question in the East Punjab to us. We suggested to them that it was for their Government to formulate proposals which would carry as great a measure of approval in the Province as possible and which should not offend against any principles laid down by the Congress Working Committee or the Government. We have now been shown certain proposals, which represent the unanimous view of the East Punjab Cabinet.

"Further, we are informed that a large majority of the members of the East Punjab Assembly approve of them. We do not think that these proposals are contrary to the basic policy of the Congress or the Government. In view of the general agreement arrived at in East Punjab on this issue, we record our approval of this agreement as embodied in these proposals. We trust that they will be accepted by all concerned in a spirit of friendly co-operation."

The East Punjab Premier, Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, said: "This decision of the East Punjab Cabinet should, I am sure, command the universal acceptance of all fair-minded and reasonable critics. I have no doubt that the decision will go a very long way in improving relations between the Hindus and Sikhs in the East Punjab."

Mr. Sachar said the modified proposals had been worked out after "accommodating to the utmost" the viewpoints of various critics of the original formula.

The Government, according to the proposals, reserve the right to issue "further necessary directions" to meet unforeseen situations arising out of the demand for imparting education in a language other than the regional language.

MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION

In an unaided recognised school, the medium of instruction will be determined by the management. It will not be obligatory on them to provide facilities for instruction in any other medium but it will be incumbent on them to provide for the teaching on Punjabi or Hindi, as the case may be, as a second language.

Punjabi shall be the medium of instruction in the Punjabi-speaking area in all schools up to the matriculation stage and Hindi shall be taught as a compulsory language from the last class of the primary department and upto the matriculation stage.

But, in the case of girls, Hindi shall be compulsory in girls' schools in the middle classes only.

This order will be reversed in the case of the Hindi-speaking area where Hindi shall be the medium of instruction upto the matriculation stage and Punjabi taught as a compulsory language from the last class of the primary department and upto the matriculation stage. But, in the case of girls, Punjabi shall be compulsory in girls' schools in the middle classes only.

Punjabi, according to the formula, shall mean Punjabi in the Gurumukhi script and Hindi shall mean Hindi in the Devanagari script.

These proposals do not apply to those pupils whose mother-tongue is neither Punjabi nor Hindi. Suitable arrangements will be made for the education of such pupils in their mother tongue, if there is a sufficient number of such pupils at one place to make these arrangements possible.

News BRIEFS

DEPRESSION IN BARODA

General trade depression seems to have hit the Baroda barbers, whose association has adopted a resolution reducing the hair cutting charges from six annas to four annas.

USEFUL WORK

Compost pits in 200 villages in South Satara district would be dug during the Gram Sudhar Saptah, by various batches of home guards.

DELHI SUGAR RATIONING

Sugar in Delhi will be distributed through foodgrain ration shops, against ration cards from October 4.

T.B. SCOURGE

Dr. Erik Roelsgaard, head of the vaccination teams now working in Pakistan, explained to a meeting of the Rotary Club in Karachi how the incidence of tuberculosis increased manifold in Europe after the war which led to the launching of the International Tuberculosis Campaign and what measures of success had already been achieved.

REDS SENTENCED

The Assistant Sessions Judge of North Malabar, has sentenced eleven Communists to undergo two years' R.I. each, in what is known as "the Sivapuram Dacoity Case". The case against the accused was that in April 1948, they committed a dacoity in the house of the agent of the Kottayam Raja in Sivapuram Kottayam Taluk.

AN ORDINANCE

An ordinance empowering the Government to take action against persons engaged in subversive activities was promulgated on Sunday by the Rajpramukh of the United State of Travancore and Cochin.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter): The International Court of Justice will meet on November 17, to fix the indemnity to be paid by Albania for the mining of two British destroyers in the Corfu Channel three years ago, it was learned today.

The incident occurred in October 1946 when 44 sailors were killed and 22 injured in the destroyers Volage and Saumarez.

FUTURE OF ITALIAN COLOMIES

NEW YORK, Oct. 2 (PTI): The Indian Delegation's efforts in canvassing a streamlined Asian approach to the solution of the Italian Colonies problem has created an extremely favourable impression in U.N. circles, writes PTI correspondent.

The North African Colonies question which has baffled the great powers for the past four years, holds the stage in the Political Committee discussions at present, and if a settlement is reached, it may prove to be one of the major achievements of the current session of the Assembly.

U.S. CAPITAL WILLING TO HELD—AT A PRICE

Conditions For Outside Investment

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter). THE United States Chamber of Commerce recommended that treaties ensuring fair treatment of American capital be a prerequisite for technical or other aid to foreign countries.

The recommendations were made in a report drawn up by the Chamber of Commerce on the programme for economic assistance to underdeveloped areas.

The report said: "This programme, if it is handled to best advantage, should create a better attitude on the part of foreign nations towards American enterprise and cauital and thereby give impetus of incalculable value to the economic development of the world and the maintenance of peace."

STRINGS ATTACHED

It warned however that aid should be "restricted to countries which, through treaties and agreements or financial guarantees provide assurance of fair treatment for American private capital."

The report made these eight recommendations:

(1) The programme should be on a modest and carefully circumscribed basis, to avoid any charge of either paternalism or imperialism and with domestic budgetary considerations a guiding factor or paramount importance.

(2) **American private enterprise should form the cornerstone of the programme.**

(3) The Government should appoint "an Advisory Board to deal with all aspects of technical and financial aid made up of citizens of competence and experience in foreign trade, investment, and other domestic and foreign fields of private enterprise".

(4) The Government functions should be "supervision and integration of activities by its own agencies; a cautious expansion (of aid by) Government experts in fields such as public health, sanitation, education, food supply, natural resources and public finance and administration, and the encouragement of a flow of private capital."

(5) Air projects should be confined to "countries where there is a genuine desire and ability to co-operate and where there is no question as to conditions favourable for economic development."

(6) Treaties should be made providing "assurance of fair treatment for American private capital."

(7) If United States Government guarantees of convertibility and of their risks are needed, the law should "define the powers of the guarantee agency, limit the total of obligations, and provide coverage of existing investments when essential to avoid harmful discrimination."

(8) "Congress and the administration should make it clear that our primary concern is for improvement of world conditions, that an outflow of capital is not necessary for domestic prosperity and that our Government has no intention of providing credit when private capital is available or when a foreign country maintains conditions unfavourable to investment."

NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK, Oct. 1, (PTI-Reuter): COTTON: The market moved narrowly in active dealings and closed steady with a substantial volume of hedges against continued spot sales and heavy new crop movement readily absorbed by mill pricefixing particularly in nearby December delivery. Commission house liquidation was also evident associated partly with the commencement of the steel strike, easiness in securities and the unexpected 12 point decline in mid-September parity. Sales were approximately 70,000 to 80,000 bales.

STOCKS: While there is disappointment at the failure to avert the steel stoppage involving 90 percent of unistates steel production, this was only translated into mild pressure. Prices held mostly to fractional losses led by steels, motors, oils, rails chemicals and aircrafts. Some wall-street traders believe that prices will be lower as the steel strike progresses but others point that the market is shaped well while strike fears are current. The market finished at or around the day's lowest levels. The market closed barely steady.

CHICAGO, GRAINS: The market declined under the leadership of wheat based on prospects of a heavy carryover next season as a result of the slow export movement. The lower mid-September parity prices also stimulated some selling. The latest parity price for maize suggests 1949 national average maize loan rate at 140 cents compared with 144 for last year's crop.

BRITISH IMPORTS FROM INDIA

Figures For 1948

LONDON, Oct. 1, (PTI-Reuter): Britain's imports from India in 1948 amounted to £ 96,266,000, and her exports to India in that year, to £ 96,621,000.

This was shown by figures issued tonight by the Board of Trade, in advance of publication of the Annual Trade Statement.

Imports from the United States in 1948 amounted to £ 184,438,000, compared with £ 297,131,000 in 1947. Exports £ 66,158,000 compared with £ 47,973,000 in 1947.

Hunger Strike In Dacca Jail

WOMAN'S CONDITION SERIOUS

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2 (UPI): According to a report received here, the condition of a hunger striking woman security prisoner in Dacca Central Jail is serious.

It will be recalled that 52 security prisoners in Dacca Central Jail have been on hunger strike since September 2 and latest reports indicate that 51 more security prisoners, including 13 women, have also joined the strike subsequently.

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G-G. TO INAUGURATE TERRITORIAL ARMY

Ceremony On October 9

NEW DELHI, Oct. 2 (PTI): THE territorial army, India's second line of defence with a target strength of 1,30,000 will be inaugurated by the Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, on October 9.

Recruitment to the territorial Army commenced all over India on September 20.

In this "Citizen's Army", all able bodied persons from the unskilled labourer to the highly qualified technicians are eligible for recruitment. Applicants should be not less than eighteen years old and below 35. The upper age limit may, however, be relaxed in suitable cases.

Recruitment to the territorial army is on a zonal basis. India has been divided for the purpose into eight zones.

Zone number one comprises the East Punjab, Rajputana and Delhi, including Rajastan, the Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Himachal Pradesh and Madhya Bharat and Bhopal.

ZONE TWO:— The United Provinces, including the States of Banaras, Rampur, Tehri-Garhwal and Vindhya Pradesh.

ZONE THREE:— The Central provinces and Berar, including the states merged in that province.

ZONE 4:— Bombay and Kathiawar including Kolhapur, Saurashtra and the States merged with Bombay,

ZONE FIVE:— Madras, including Coorg, Mysore, Cochin, Travancore and the States merged in Madras.

ZONE SIX:— Bihar and Orissa, including the States merged in Bihar and Orissa,

ZONE SEVEN:— West Bengal, and

ZONE EIGHT:— Assam including Tripura and Manipur, Cooch-Behar and Khasi Hill States.

Cuncolim Win Cortalim Cup

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Curcolim Union scored a signal triumph over Colva S. C. when they won the Cortalim Cup by a solitary goal scored by P. Coutinho in the first half at the Brabourne Stadium on Sunday evening.

Colva had an off day and though they had most of the game and plenty of time in which to equalise, yet their forwards threw away one suiter after another and thus lost a good game. Cuncolim on the other hand, were practically subdued for the greater part of the game, but on the few occasions when they broke through, they always proved dangerous and the first goal which proved the winning goal, was a perfect act of opportunism.

The game began at a very fast pace with ideal ground conditions and the first pass from Ayres at the extreme right saw a beautiful centre being converted into a goal by sheer first time shot by Coutinho. Colva put all in the attack thereafter and had two good suiters which were wasted away. Crossing over, the game was more or less even though Colva were always insistent and playing a dynamic game did all they could to obtain the equaliser. Several opportunities that came their way, however, went abegging as none of the forwards showed any good markmanship.

Dr. Rogaciano Moraes, President of the Bombay Goan Athletic Association gave away the Cortalin Cup to the winners and also the Luzeto Cup to St. Michaels Anjunia S. C. and the individual trophies.

In the Bombay Goan Athletic Championship, Young Aryans scored a meritorious victory over Burma Shell by a solitary goal scored by F. Furtado in the initial half. Playing robust football, Young Aryans gave a good display in both offence and defence and were worthy winners.

FINANCIAL INTEGRATION OF SAURASHTRA WITH CENTRE

Agreement Signed At Delhi

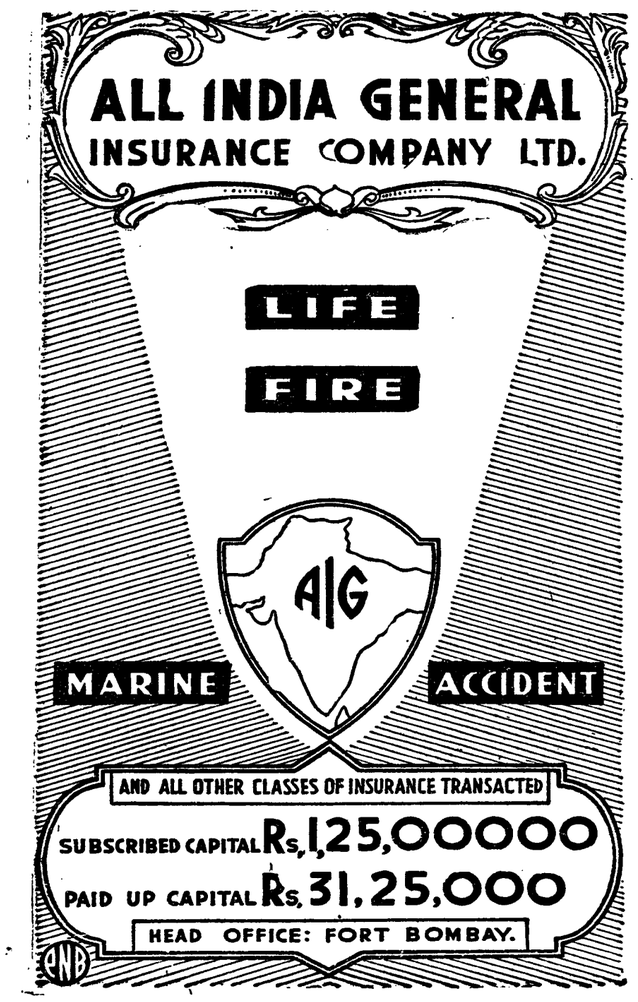
NEW DELHI, Oct. 2 (PTI): An agreement for the integration of the federal finances of Saurashtra with that of the Indian Union was signed here today. The integration would take place on April 1, 1950, though before that date the Centre may take over the federal sources of revenue, but acting as the Agent of Saurashtra.

The agreement followed two-day discussions here between the representatives of Saurashtra and the Government of India. Earlier in the day, they met Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, States Minister and Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister.

The agreement, which is based mainly on the recommendations of the States Finances Enquiry Committee, set up by the Government of India under the Chairmanship of Mr. V. T. Krishnamachari, would result in the sources of federal revenue like excise, customs and railways being taken over by the Centre. As from the date of integration, the Saurashtra Government will be given grants by the Centre. This grant would be equivalent to the revenue gap created on account of the federal sources of revenue being taken over by the Centre. The grants would be continued for a period of 10 to 15 years on a sliding scale, so that at the end of the period, there would be no grants and it would be substituted by the state's share of the divisible pool of the federal revenues.

PERIOD OF TRANSITION

The actual revenue from federal sources recovered in 1949-50 would be taken as the basis for the computation of the grants due for most of the sources of federal revenues. As a result of the agreement, during the transitionary period, the taxation on federal subjects within Saurashtra would be brought up to the general level of taxation in the country.



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GANDHIAN PRINCIPLES ONLY GUIDE TO NATION

Pattabhi On Framing Of Country's Economy

MADRAS, Oct. 2 (PTI).

"THE future economy of the country has to be planned and fixed, without tying ourselves to the coat-tails of England or the apron-strings of America", observed Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, the Congress President in a broadcast talk tonight from Madras on the occasion of Mahatma Gandhi's birthday.

Pleading for the framing of the national economy based on Gandhian principles, the Congress President said: "Gandhian economy is a complete scheme. Every day we neglect it, we are apt to fall away from its grip and slip quietly into the currents set up by Europe and America. We know not what may happen tomorrow, whether another man made famine is staring us in the face."

Dr. Pattabhi suggested that the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Fund might profitably be spent towards elaborating his principles and evolving a full plan of national life based upon craft life and self-sufficiency.

Holding that the objective of the Indian National Congress was the establishment of a co-operative Commonwealth with equal opportunities to all, Dr. Pattabhi stated: "To this end the villager must hold the centre of gravity and become the pivot and starting point of Indian nationalism. The town can only be the grit that gets mixed up with the grain which may well be reduced to its minimum proportions. The ryot must be made to stand on his legs once again."

The Congress President said: "Industry has attracted the national Government more than agriculture. Towns have a greater fascination than villages. The Government of the day are simply functioning under inertia—a state of rest or motion that cannot be changed except by the application of external force. Today our affairs at best required to be moved by internal forces rather than external, our affairs in motion require to be accelerated or have their direction changed likewise by the operation of a force that is inborn."

Pointing out how Japan which was vanquished has well nigh recovered its form of life through home crafts, Dr. Pattabhi said: "Bharat is still lost in reverie or indecision at the parting of ways and only the principles and policies identified with the name of Mahatma Gandhi may yet save the nation from becoming a mere runner-up in the race of the western nations started long ago with a start for them and a handicap for her. The guide from above is pointing the true direction of her march and even now it is not too late, for her to harken to his call and make for her true destination."

Earlier the Congress President referred to Mahatma Gandhi's successful efforts in the removal of untouchability, drink evil and the adoption of Hindi as national language all of which, he said, were being fast realised. Dr. Pattabhi added: "There is much to achieve. Gandhiji but drew the outlines of a resurgent Bharat. We have to fill up the lacuna and fill in the details, and retouch the features of a free India."

'HEAVY DUTY LIES AHEAD'

Sardar's Message To Gandhiji's Followers

RAJKOT, Oct. 2 (PTI): Sardar Vallabhai Patel, India's Deputy Prime Minister, in a message on the occasion of the 81st Birthday celebrations of Mahatma Gandhi at 'Rashtryiya Shala', where Gandhiji fasted eleven years ago for responsible government in Rajkot State, said: "If we consider how much we have advanced on the path that Gandhiji led for us during eighteen months after his martyrdom, we have to admit failure and defeat and in the circumstances a heavy duty lies on those who had the good fortune to be his immediate followers".

Sardar Patel said: "On the auspicious occasion of Gandhi Jayanti, I send my friends and colleagues assembled in Rajkot, my sincere greetings. When we celebrate Gandhi Jayanti, we must remember what Bapu stood for and for what he sacrificed himself All this came powerfully to our mind at the time of his martyrdom but within 18 months of that event we seem to have forgotten it. People exploit his name to get out of difficulties or to suit their own purpose. But if we consider how much we have advanced on the path that he laid for us, we have to admit failure and defeat. In these circumstances, a heavy duty lies on those who had the good fortune to be his immediate followers. In a bewildered and confusing atmosphere of today, it is for them by precept as well as by example to shed light in the midst of darkness and thus to relieve the gloom in which the country finds itself. If his own immediate followers cannot dedicate themselves to this task, none can, and we all have to confess that our devotion for him was mere lipservice and our faith in his was mere pretence. It is for all of us to prove ourselves worthy of that love and trust which he reposed in us".

BATTLE EVILS AND DO CONSTRUCTIVE WORK

Mr. Santhanam's Appeal

SIMLA: Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Railways, said here today that if the people of this country truly wanted to honour the memory of Mahatma Gandhi, they should give a battle to all evils, develop the spirit of national unity and concentrate on work.

Mr. Santhanam was speaking at a meeting organised by the Gandhi Udyogshala to celebrate Gandhi Jayanti.

Mr. Santhanam said that unless Indians resisted all the evils, which foreign domination had left, the swaraj which Mahatma Gandhi had secured for them would be lost.

"Time has come when we should give up caste restrictions. Mahatma Gandhi fought all his life the evil of untouchability. I don't know if there is any vestige of untouchability in this area. If there are any signs of untouchability, you should get rid of them as early as possible.

Mr. Santhanam said that work was supreme symbol of patriotism today. It was a matter of sorrow that in this country, rich in lands, and rivers, the Government had to import foodgrains worth hundred to hundred fifty crores yearly from foreign countries. If they were determined to work there could not be no difficulty for food. "It is work and constructive work alone which will save this country", he declared.

'A NEW TECHNIQUE FOR WORLD

Mr. G.L. Mehta On Satyagraha

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. G. L. Mehta, President of the Indian Tariff Board speaking today at a meeting organised by the Freedom Group to celebrate the birth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi said that he taught to the world the technique of Satyagraha.

Mr. Purshottum Kanji presided.

Gandhiji, he said had given a new hope to the enslaved and downtrodden people of the world. He had shown them that without arms and weapons, they could raise their head against the oppressors and shake off the shackles of bondage, if they considered themselves as free men and refused to recognise the alien rule.

Speaking of the unique sacrifice of Mahatma Gandhi which would go down in the history of the world, Mr. Mehta said that he lived and laid down his life for the cause of communal unity. He did not despise or hate any community and sought love of all, irrespective of caste, creed or community. His acivities were not confined to politics. Above all, he was a great social reformer and an espouser of the cause of untouchables. Rural upliftment was dear to his heart and he gave an impetus to rural reconstruction movement in the country.

Gandhiji's Politeness

NAGPUR: Broadcasting this evening from the All India Radio, Nagpur, on the occasion of Gandhiji's birthday anniversary Acharya Kishorelal Mashruwala recalled his past 30 years' close association with Gandhiji.

He said: "The greatest quality which I found in Gandhiji was his politeness. Bapuji once said that politeness is the basic quality of a devotee and servant."

Citing instances of Gandhiji's politeness he said: "Once a famous leader of Harijan came to see Gandhiji and being displeased with some event he used very harsh words but Bapuji tried to pacify him with polite language. When we expressed our displeasure before Gandhiji about the behaviour of the gentleman, Bapuji said that he would not mind even if the Harijan leader spat on his mouth. Bapuji was thinking of our treatment of Harijan brothers.

Once when I was ill Bapuji asked me if he could continue to do service to me. I felt shy. Bapuji said never hesitate in asking for help and service from the rich and the poor alike."

Gandhiii Never Wanted To Do It, Says His Sister

RAJKOT, Oct. 2 (PTI): Mrs. Raliatben, Mahatma Gandhi's elder sister, gave a few reminiscences of her brother's ideals and earlier life in a special broadcast arranged by the All India Radio, Ahmedabad, in celebration of Gandhi Jayanti today.

In a voice choked with emotion, she said Gandhi was very fond of pickles and spices before he became 'Mahatma'.

She quoted an instance when Mahatma Gandhi had single-handed nursed her husband who later died about 60 years ago.

INNER VOICE

Mrs. Raliatben narrated some incidents of the Poona fast and said that he never wanted to fast. But he firmly believed in his 'inner voice' which asked him "to undergo the fast and that he will succeed in his mission". She said Mahatma Gandhi was very fond of goat milk and its products. When, after breaking his Poona fast, he was offered some sweets he first equired if it was made of goat milk.

LEFT FREEDOM FOR US TO NURTURE

Mr. A. V. Thakkar who presided at the radio broadcast, said that Gandhiji brought freedom to us but left it to us to nurture it and it is for us to see that we maintain it.

The 81-hour non-stop spinning organised by Mr. Narairdas Gandhi, nephew of Mahatma Gandhi, ended today. During the period 10,250,000 yards of yarn was spun in different centres all over Saurashtra.

A fund was collected consisting of contributions of 81-coins for furthering constructive activities in the State.

WREATHS LAID AT GANDHI GHAT

Calcutta Celebrations

CALCUTTA: Mahatma Gandhi's birthday was celebrated in Calcutta at a number of functions today.

At Gandhi Ghat on the River Hooghly near Barrackpore, wreaths were laid on behalf of the Governor of West Bengal, the Government of West Bengal, the Congress and other organisations. The programme also included singing of Gandhiji's favourite bhajans and 'Ram Dhun.'

His Excellency the Governor Dr. K. N. Katju along with about 250 persons had an hour's spinning at Government House this morning. The demonstration was accompanied with recitation of hymns and singing of Gandhiji's favourite songs.

PRAYERS AT MADRAS

MADRAS: The full day programme here culminated in a mammoth meeting at the Government House maidans in front of Rajaji Hall.

Over 50,000 people including a large number of women attended the meeting which was addressed by the Congress President Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and other leaders.

The proceedings commenced with Mahatma Gandhi's favourite prayer song led by the wellknown srimathi M. S. Subbalakshmi.

The Congress President laid emphasis on the constructive programme outlined by Mahatma Gandhi which, he said was the only panacea for the economic ills of the country. He exhorted the people to learn Hindi, adopted as State language by the Constituent Assembly, in their own interest and in the interest of the country in general.

"Only once in thousand years an avathar like Mahatma Gandhi is born and it was the greatest fortune for us to have had him in our midst", said Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddiar, former Premier.

NON-STOP SPINNING

The day commenced with Sutra Yagna (non-stop spinning) at the Harijan Thakkar Baba Vidyalaya, Womens Indian Association and Avvai Orphans. The Congress Seva Dal and Sevika Dal lead a procession in which students organisations, labour unions and others participated.

Flag hoisting in various Congress wards, poor feedig and distribution of cloth to the poor in addition to public meetings and labour rallies formed part of the day's programme. Besides, special worship and prayers in temples and mosques, several religious organisations conducted discourses on the life and teachings of Mahatma Gandhi.

Gandhiji's Statue In Singapore

SINGAPORE, Oct. 2 (PTI): The first statue of Mahatma Gandhi to be erected in Malaya was unveiled today in Singapore on the occasion of Mahatma Gandhi's birthday anniversary.

Mrs. Chandan Kalelkar, daughter-in-law of Mahatma Gandhi's litelong associate Kaka Kalelkar, unveiled the bust which was made by a Bombay sculptor. It was presented to the local Gujerati Club by a prominent Singapore Indian resident, Kanubhai M. Mehta, and erected in the club premises.

KHER OUTLINES HIS UTOPIA

No Exploitation And No Needs

POONA, Oct. 2 (PTI)—Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, today, said that every Indian must strive hard for the establishment of a co-operative commonwealth in the country where there would be no exploitation and wherein every one would be provided according to his needs. He was inaugurating a "Sarvodaya" Exhibition at Talegaon Dabhade near Poona organised in connection with the celebration of "Gandhi Jayanti."

The Premier explained the ideals for which Gandhiji stood and died, and urged people to concentrate on the constructive programme outlined by Mahatma Gandhi and remove untouchability in the country. He deprecated vilent methods of the Communists to achieve their objects and said that the acceptance of the principle of non-violence alone would lead the country towards progress.

Mr. Kher referred to the various schemes undertaken by the Government for the welfare of the people in the Province, and urged for the co-operation of all in making them a success.

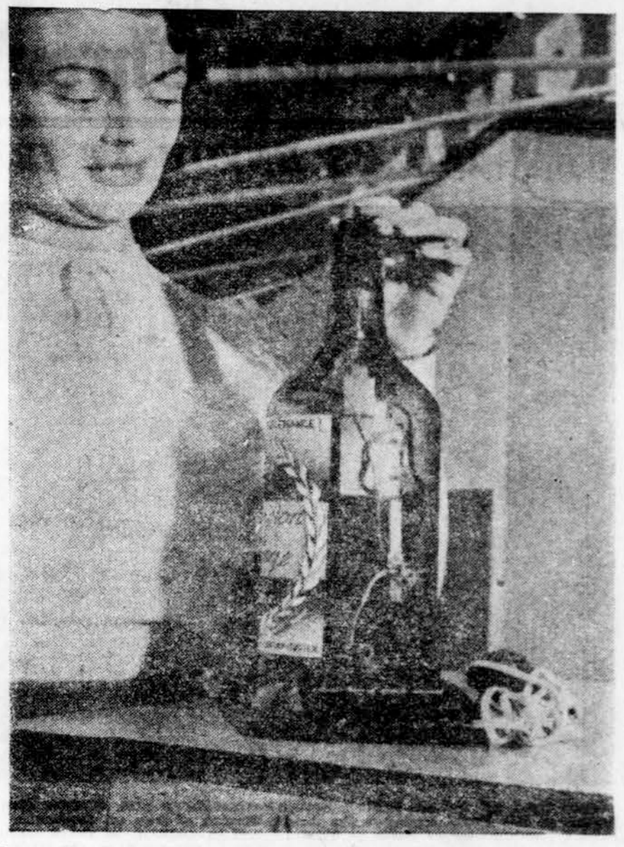
The Exhibition covered such subjects as village industries, basic education, agricultural demonstration and 'Grow More Food' drive and also included some paintings by students.

Mr. Kher expressed his great appreciation of the exhibition and felt that the holding of such exhibitions was necessary to enable villagers to understand the different schemes of the Government.

Social Workers' Group

BOMBAY, Sunday (PTI)—The Social Workers' Group—a body of Muslim social workers—in Bombay has announced an "inter-communal social gathering" on Wednesday, October 5, to celebrate the Bakri Idd festival.

Raja Maharj Singh, Governor of Bombay, in a Bakri Idd message to the Social Workers Group said: "At no time has this (intercommunal social gathering) been more desirable or essential than the present."



The novelty of this year's radio show at Olympia —A Five valve superhet —all mains receiver, with a speaker in the base-all combined in a wine bottle. The price has not yet been fixed —Keystone.

LOYALTY MEETING AT GOA A FRAUD

Demonstration Deceptive

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A resolution requesting the Government of India to secure true facts about the so-called loyalty of the Goans to Portuguese rule as demonstrated in Panjim on September 22 and asking the Government not to accept it as voicing te real feelings of the people was unanimously passed at a mass meeting of the Goans held here today, Mr. A. S. Kavlekar presiding.

The resolution said that the recent meeting of Goans convened at Panjim on September 22 to exhibit their loyalty to the Portuguese rule was inspired by authorities there to hoodwink neutral observers, and Goans residing in Bombay had ample evidence in their possession to prove that this so-called spontaneous demonstration of allegiance was managed by "deception" and "coercion."

The resolution further warned the citizens of Goa to view all such moves of the Goan officialdom with grave concern and resist the same with all means at their command, adding that the Government of India should not be misled by such manoeuvres.

ADVANTAGES

Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, ex-Mayor of Bombay, who was the main speaker of the day, ridiculed the idea of stage-managed shows in Goa with a view to screen the true state of affairs and the genuine will of the people. He thought that those Goans who felt that they had greater liberty in Goa should immediately return to that country and those who had opted for the Indian Union citizenship would not be so wrong if they demanded of the Indian Government to give Goans in the Union the same treatment that the citizens of India received at the hands of the Portuguese authorities.

Mr. L. J. de Souza, explaining the advantages that would accrue to those who became Indian citizens, pointed out the several disadvantages in not availing of the facilities now afforded by the Indian Government in declaring citizenship to the Union. He gave details of the unfair methods employed by the Portuguese officials to secure signatures and thumb impressions to a petition to the Governor-General to hold a meeting to express loyalty to Portugal.

Stating that funds were being made available in Bombay for pro-Portuguese propaganda in this city, he cautioned Goans in Bombay against the activities of certain persons who were in the pay of the Portuguese authorities with a view to mislead them.

R. S. S. Parade At Kalyan

GANDHI JAYANTI CELEBRATIONS

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Oct 2.

In spite of Government restrictions on gatherings, parades and drill in uniforms, the Kalyan R.S.S. volunteers numbering about 1,500 gathered with their uniforms and lathis in the Sircar Wada, a public place, to celebrate Dasserah festival.

Thousands of their sympathisers also attended. The gathering was addressed by Prof. S. M. Mate of S.P. College Poona. Prof. Mate in his speech referred to ancient Hindu culture and appealed to the community to work for its preservation.

Mahatma Gandhi's birthday was celebrated by several institutions of Kalwan. Under the auspices of the city Congress Committee there was a Flaw Salutation in the Shivaji Chowk at 8 a.m when Dr. V. W Phadke, hoisted the National Flag He spoke on Gandhiji's life and asked the people to follow the principles of the Mahatma.

School children took out a big procession.

Adult Education Classes were opened for the benefit of local workers in the Kalyan Borough Municipal office and Messrs. Y. G. Samath S J. Barat and Dr. N J Sukla Municipal Councillors undertook to teach in Marathi, Gujrati and Hindi.

FOOD DRIVE

According to instructions from the Government of Bombay, a batch of Kalyan Home Guards headed by Dr V. W. Phadke, Commandant left for village Chikanghur near Kalyan to explain to the cultivators the importance of Grow More Food.

According to the present programme of the Government 'Grow More Food' Associations are to be formed in all villages with village Patil, Talati and School Masters as members. There are several items to be taught to the cultivators which these committees can undertake to do.

TWO DIE OF BURNS: LIQUOR CATCHES FIRE

SIMLA, Oct. 2, (PTI): Two coolies died of burns while another coolie and a Sub-Inspector of Police suffering from serious burns, had to be removed to hospital, as the result of a country-made liquor tin catching fire at Kurfi, in Himachal Pradesh, last week.

It is stated that the tin caught fire, during a police party raid at the premises of a wine merchant of Kurfi alleged to be suspected of smuggling large quantities of country made liquor.

The reason as to how this caught fire is not known.

Pamphlet In Parris

PARIS, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter): The Indian Embassy has brought out on the eightieth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's birth, the first issue of "India Today" a weekly information bulletin for private circulation in Paris.

KENYA NEWSLETTER:

GANDHI MEMORIAL FOR EAST AFRICA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NAIROBI, (By Air Mail).

THE Indian community of East Africa has decided to set up a "suitable" memorial on East African soil in memory of the late Mahatma Gandhi, Father and Architect of India's Independence.

This decision followed on a conference held in Kampala (Uganda) on September 11 between representatives of the E.A. Indian National Congress of Kenya and the Central Council of the Indian Associations in Uganda when a Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Committee for East Africa with 12 members each from Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika and four members from Zanzibar was formed with powers to:

(1) to explore all possibilities and seek expert advice for establishing a suitable memorial, institution or institutions on an East African basis for the purpose of meeting the educational needs in these territories,
(2) to prepare the necessary scheme therefor,
(3) to obtain co-operation of the Governments of the East African territories, and
(4) to take immediate steps for collecting the necessary funds from the community.

The conference also resolved "that any scheme of education can be vetoed by any territory by seven members of that territory signifying their opposition to the scheme."

Shrimant Appasaheb B. Pant, Commissioner for the Government of India in British East Africa, had specially flown to Uganda on a special invitation extended to him by the Central Council of the Indian Associations in Uganda and he is believed to have given his "Gandhian" advice to the conference as to the form the proposed Gandhi Memorial in East Africa should take.

A "POLYTECHNIC" FOR KENYA COLONY

Kenya will have a non-racial technical and commercial institute if the Governor of Kenya, Sir Philip Mitchell, accepts a comprehensive Report submitted to him by a P.W.D. Committee of the Kenya Government appointed last year to consider such a scheme.

In this Report the Committee has recommended that a site of approximately 5 acres should be reserved for the proposed Institute and that the highest priority should be given to the building, now under construction, for housing the Institute. The aim of the Institute will be to train future foremen and professional staffs—draughtsmen, architects, surveyors, electrical engineers of all races, etc.—in Kenya itself. It has also been pointed out that entrants to the Institute will be required to have a secondary school standard of education as "the training will be more of a theoretical nature than that given at the trade schools already existing."

THREE MAIN FUNCTIONS

The Report has also recommended that the Technical and Commercial Institute should cover three main functions:

(a) to prepare students of all races, entering without full Matriculation, in single subjects and group subjects to near Degree standards either by full time or part time study.

(b) to prepare Matriculated students of all races by full-time study for degrees in Engineering and other technical subjects.

(c) to provide for all races instruction in practical trade skills which are now being taught to the Africans in trade schools under the aegis of the Education Department. The course should be calculated to prepare students for junior staff appointments.

Should the Report be accepted, it is said, in its present form the Technical and Commercial Institute will receive its students from Secondary Schools, Trade Schools and Departmental Schools; and it is recommended that provision should be made for 150 full time and 445 part time students. The Institute itself will come under the control of the Director of Education, with a Principal and a Board of Governors and the vacant post of Superintendent of Technical education in the Education Department is expected to be filled in the near future. If necessary an advisory committee for all technical and vocational education will be set up by the Government, the Report points out.

STUDENTS ON THE MARCH

The non-racial, Indian-controlled East African Students Federation (whose activities are at the moment restricted to Kenya only) has decided to set-up a Central Organisation "for the purpose of co-ordinating and centrally-guiding and directing students' movement in the East African territories."

This decision was taken at its second Session held in Nairobi recently when the aims and objects of the proposed Central Organisation were also approved and adopted. They are:

1. to struggle for free and compulsory primary education for all RACES in the East African territories.
2. to work for better and bigger schools.
3. to organise study circles for studying the general conditions of the world.
4. to organise and encourage the exhibition of the arts.
5. to bring consciousness among the students of their rights and duties as East Africans.
6. to work for the general welfare and protection of the interests of the East African students.

The Session also decided to achieve the above aims "by all legitimate means."

A Provisional Committee was also set up to prepare a draft constitution for the proposed Central Organisation embodying therein the aims and objects outlined above and to make full arrangements for convening a full-delegate conference in Nairobi in December of this year for the purpose of the adopting the aforesaid draft constitution.

NON-EUROPEAN EMPLOYEES TO BE TRADE-TESTED

A scheme which envisages compulsory, universal trade testing and wage fixing for all non-European employees in Kenya, including those in Government service, has been widely circulated by the Labour Department of the Government of Kenya.

If the scheme meets the approval of private firms and the trade unions of Kenya to whom it has been distributed the Government intends to introduce the scheme in the form of Rules and Regulations and to give it the force of law in the Colony of Kenya. The scheme is already in operation in the Colonial Government-controlled GROUNDNUTS SCHEME of Tanganyika.

A mass meeting of Indian and African clerks employed in private firms in Nairobi was held recently here under the auspices of the Labour Trade Union of East Africa to discuss the implications inherent in the scheme. A resolution rejecting the whole scheme was unanimously adopted by the meeting.

DETAILS OF THE SCHEME

The scheme is in the form of regulations which are entitled "Wage Rates and Tests Regulations". When these regulations come into force, it would be compulsory for every African and Asian clerk to appear before Trade Testing and Wages Fixing Boards to be appointed by the Government. These Boards will test the efficiency of every African and Asian worker in his own category and according to the grades laid down in the Scheme the Boards will issue a certificate to that worker enumerating the wages that should be drawn by him. Unless the person's efficiency increases, the Wage Fixing Boards will not issue another certificate.

According to Mr. Makhan Singh, President of the Labour Trade Union of East Africa, the average African clerk will not be able to get more than Shs. 100/- (Rs 65) and the average Indian clerk not more than Shs. 250/- or Shs. 300/- (about Rs. 168 to Rs. 200) under these Trade Tests. It is further stated that the decisions of the Wage Fixing Boards are final and that no appeals would lie against their decisions. "Unless they change their own decisions", Mr. Makhan Singh said, "no employer will be able to pay more than the amount prescribed by the Boards and no employee will able to demand more from the employers."

Mr. Makhan Singh also maintained that the right of the members to join the trade unions and to work for better conditions will be taken away, that these wage rates also rule out the existence of trade unions and that there will be no freedom for collective bargaining with the employers.

A MENACE

A resolution adopted unanimously at the clerk's meeting considered the Wage Rates and Trade Tests Regulations as "a great menace to the interests of the working people of East Africa."

"The Scheme", it said, "does not assure a living wage to workers based on the reasonable standard of living and it can never be acceptable to the working class of East Africa."

The resolution also pointed out that under this scheme every non-European worker would be placed at the mercy of Wage Fixing Boards appointed by the Government and dominated by employers. It also expressed the belief that the employer "can never expect to receive a square deal from his masters and employers."

"This meeting," the resolution concluded, "totally rejects the scheme and calls upon the Labour Trade Union of East Africa and the East African Trades Union Congress to make effective representations for its immediate withdrawal before it is put into operation in this country."

SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCE TO LAIK ALI MINISTERS

HYDERABAD, Oct. 2 (PTI): Eight out of nine Ministers of the former Laik Ali Government of Hyderabad, who are now under house arrest, are receiving a subsistence allowance of Rs. 750 a month, it is learnt.

Mr. Laik Ali himself does not get the allowance.

The allowance was sanctioned by the Hyderabad Government on applications from the Ministers concerned and no such application was submitted by Mr. Laik Ali, it is stated.

The eight Ministers who get the allowance are, Rai Rajmohanlal, Mr. Abdul Hamid Khan, Nawab Fazal Nawaz Jung, Mr. Pingle Venkatarama Reddi, Mr. Abdur Rahim, Mr. Abdur Raoof, Mr. Yamin Zuberi, and Mr. B. S. Venkat Rao.

Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung and Mr. Ikramullah, two other members of the Laik Ali Cabinet, are known to be outside Hyderabad State and the Indian Union at present.

Two other Hindu members of the Cabinet who were appointed only a few days before the police action to fill up vacancies caused by the resignation of Messrs. J. V. Joshi and Mallikarjunappa, were let off.

Major-General J. N. Chaudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, told pressmen on September 25 that the Government would take a decision "very soon" on the question of bringing the members of the Laik Ali Government to trial.

NEHRU ON THE MESSAGE

(Continued from Page 1)

reason for increase in prices or for the decrease in the internal value of rupee.

Pandit Nehru, said that India commanded considerable prestige in the international sphere because of two reasons, firstly because it had attained its independence and secondly, because of Mahatma Gandhi.

The second reason, he said, was more important as many countries did not know India or Bharat but they knew the "country of Gandhi". He, therefore appealed to the people to follow the path shown by the Father of the Nation which implied fostering unity, within the country, increased production, keeping in view always the well being of people in general and adherence to truth.

The Prime Minister said that many people believed that truth was not the right course in politics in which deceit alone was successful. This, he said, was an erroneous belief.

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TAGORE ON SECRET OF MAHATMA'S SUCCESS

"Dynamic Spiritual Strength And Incessant Self-Sacrifice"

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 2 (PTI).

"GIVE him all the money America possesses, and he will certainly refuse to accept it, unless to be given away for a worthy cause for the uplift of humanity", said the late Dr. Rabindranath Tagore in an interview he had given to an American correspondent, on Mahatma Gandhi, which has been been published in today's "Harijan".

The interview went as follows:

'What do you think of Mahatma Gandhi?'

'What do I think of Mahatma Gandhi?' said the poet-philosopher, emphatically 'Why I think very highly of Gandhi. He is a great man, a great soul.

'He today wields tremendous power over the teeming millions. What is really the secret of his success?'

'The secret of Gandhi's success', said the noble-prizeman enthusiastically' lies in his dynamic spiritual strength and incessant self-sacrifice.

Many public men make sacrifices for selfish reesons. It is a sort investment that yields handsome dividends. Gandhi is altogether different. He is unique in his nobility. His very life is another name for sacrifice. He is sacrifice itself. He covers no power, no position, no wealth, no name and no fame. Offer him the throne of all India, he will refuse to sit on it, but will sell the jjewels and distribute the money among the needy.

NOT ALL AMERICA'S WEALTH

'Give him all the money America possesses, and he will certainly refuse to accept it, unless to be given away for a worthy cause for the uplift of humanity.

'His soul is perpetually anxious to give and he expects absolutely nothing in return —nit even thanks. This is no exaggeration, for I know him well.

'He came to our school at Bolpur and lived with us for some time. His power of sacrifice becomes all the more irresistible, because it is wedded with paramount fearlessness.

UNDAUNTED SPIRIT

'Emperors and Maharajas, guns and bayonets, imprisonments and tortures, insults and injuries, even death itself, can never daunt the spirit of Gandhi.

'His is a liberated soul. If anyone strangles me, I shall be crying for help; but if Gandhi were strangled, I am sure he would not cry. He may laugh at his strangler; and if he has to die, he will die smiling.'

'His simplicity of life is childlike; his adherence to truth is unflinching; his life for mankind is positive and aggressive. He has what is known as the Christ spirit. The longer I know him, the better I like him. It is needless for me to say that this great man is destined to play a prominent part in moulding the future of the world'.

'Such a great man deserves to be better known in the world. Why don't you make him known you are a world figure', I said.

'How can I make him known? I am nothing compared to his illumined soul. And no truly great man has to be made great. They are great in their own glory, and when the world is ready, they become by dint of their own greatness. When the time comes Gandhi will be known, for the world needs him and his message of love, liberty and brotherhood.

WORTHY SYMBOL

'The soul of the East has found a worthy symbol in Gandhi; for he he is most eloquently proving that man is essentially a spiritual being, that he flourishes the best in the realm of the moral and the spiritual, and most positively perished both body and soul in the atmosphere of hatred and gunpowder smoke.

'A few months ago he said that India would win Swaraj (National Government) within a year. It may not come to pass within the time indicated but he is sincere and he believes in it. It goes without saying that he will spare no pains, no privations and sacrifice to attain the end in view.

'His South African fight, the moral fight of passive resistance extending over eight years, was crowned with success. Truth may be crushed by brute force for a while but it is sure to triumph in the long run'.

'What do you really think of the non-coperation movement in India'?

'It is a great movement indeed. It is a conflict of ideas with physical violence. I have more faith in force of ideas than in physical force. It is fortunate that this movement is headed by a man like Gandhi whose saintly life has made him adored all over India. As long as he is at the helm, I am not afraid of the ship, or doubtful of its safe arrival at the port of destination.'

New China's Flag Goes Up

CELEBRATION IN SHANGHAI

SHANGHAI, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter): Communist China's gold—starred Red Flag was formally hoisted on all main buildings in Shanghai today to the blaring of ship's sirens and traditional citywide firecracker celebrations.

While the flags were slowly hoisted—on foreign-owned as well as Chinese buildings—large crowds of people gathered on rooftops and in the streets and sang Communist marches.

New stamps bearing Communist leader, Mao Tse-Tung's portrait were issued. Commercial and industrial organisations are putting up a statue to the Chairman of the new Communist Republic on the site of Shanghai's war memorial.

The new Communist flag was flown in Hong Kong for the first time yesterday as Mao announced the establishment of a Communist Government in Peiping.

Paper copies of the flag were distributed by a Communist newspaper in the colony and flown outside the headquarters of labour unions.

FEELERS SENT

Chou En-Lai, Prime Minister and Foreign Minister in the new Communist Government, has sent Mao Tse-Tung's official proclamation announcing establishment of the Government to the diplomatic representatives of foreign countries in China for forwarding to their Governments, the Peiping Radio reported today.

In a letter accompanying the proclamation, Chou said "I believe the establishment of normal relations between the People's Republic of China and countries in the world is necessary".

Rumania Breaks Ties With Tito

BUCHAREST, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter). —Rumania has denounced her treaty of friendship with Yugoslavia. In a note handed to the Yugoslavia Ambassador here yesterday and published this morning, the Rumanian Government declared the 20-year pact signed by Marshal Tito in Bucharest in 1947 was revoked because "Yugoslavia has for some time following activities hostile to the Rumanian Peoples' Republic and to the security and sovereignty of Rumania."

It accused the Yugoslav Government of "subjecting to bloody terror Yugoslav citizens of Rumanian origin who declare themselves for friendship with Rumania" and of "having carried out a base campaign of lies and calumnies against the Rumanian Peoples' Republic as well as Chauvinist and Fascist propaganda instigating to war."

It also charged "provocative" actions on the frontier and border violations.

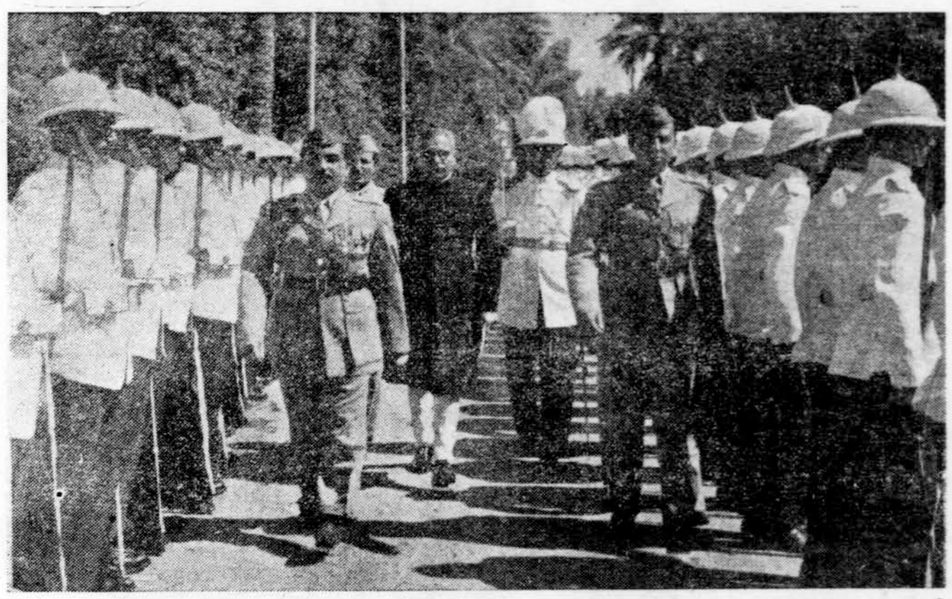
BODY WASHED ASHORE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

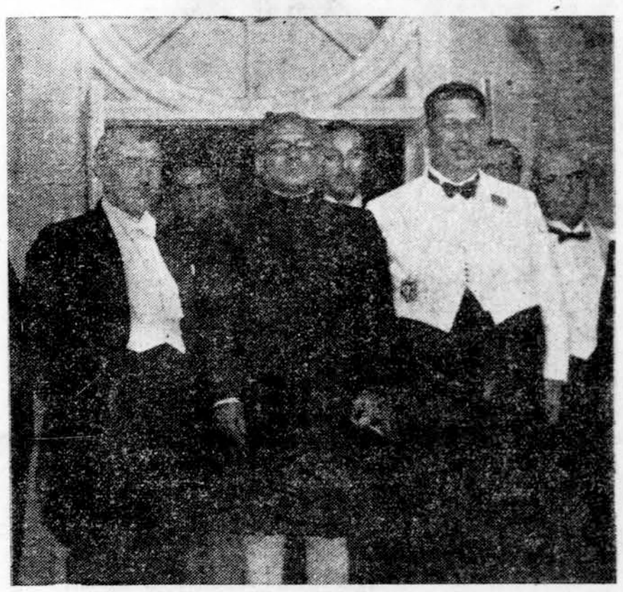
Mystery surrounds the death of a 22-year old Hindu woman whose body was washed ashore the Walkeshwar sea this morning. It was taken charge of by the police and removed to the city morgue for post mortem.

The body bore no marks of any external injury, and is stil unidentified.

INDIA'S ENVOY AT IRAQ



His Excellency Syed Ali Zaheer, India's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Iraq presented his credentials to His Royal Highness the Acting Regent of Iraq on September 20. His Excellency Syed Ali Zaheer, who is Ambassador of India at Teheran, will in addition be the representative of his country in Iraq. His Excellency is seen inspecting the Guard of Honour presented by the Royal Bodyguard on arrival at the Royal Palace.



His Excellency Syed Ali Zaheer was received at the Royal Palace by the Acting Foreign Minister His Excellency Shakir-Al-Wadi (on his right) and the Chief of Royal Diwan His Excellency A. N. Baban (on his left) and by other high officers of the Royal Palace.

EVACUEE PROPERTY IN PAKISTAN

Migrating Citizens' Articles Seized At Docks

KARACHI, Oct. 2.

THE more stringent new Evacuee Properties Ordinance, which the Pakistan authorities were to issue last week, has not yet been made public.

This new Pakistan Ordinance, which will presumably be more drastic one in its application and definition of the Evacuee Property, is said to be containing a clause by which the shares of migrating Hindus in their original business now being carried on by their Muslim partners and in Muslim names will also be forfeited. This will also effect the shares of public or private Limited companies registered even in Pakistan, a portion of whose shares are held by Hindus and other 'Indian' subjects.

In the meantime, the work of taking possession of 'Evacuee Properties' is being carried on with great zeal. A number of firms including the Sind Automobiles and the John Fleming Co., Ltd., with their stocks of cars and trucks and godowns, etc., besides some wine shops, owned by Hindus are the latest to be sealed up by the Custodian.

A new phase in taking such possessions has also been reached whereby household and other articles which the migrating Hindus were taking with them to India have been seized. Four camel carts loaded with such articles on their way to the docks were taken possession of by the Custodian on the plea that since the Hindu owners of these articles were leaving Pakistan, all their properties vested in the Custodian.

Similarly, the Deputy Custodian of Hyderabad (Sind) has seized some furniture and other articles belonging to one Mr. Gobindram while the later was disposing them off. Mr. Gobindram as also the purchasing Muslim were both taken into custody for infringing the Evacuee Properties Ordinance.

In various other cities of Sind, the Deputy Custodians are busy taking possession of shops and even running factories whose proprietors still continue to remain in Pakistan with their families.

A BEACON LIGHT TO THE ENSLAVED NATIONS

Bombay's Homage To India's Liberator

BOMBAY, Sunday.

MAHATMA Gandhi's favourite song "Raghupati Raghava Rajaram", sung in chorus by all present, to the accompaniment of the clapping of hands, gave a dramatic prelude to the mass open air meeting held this evening on the Chaupatty Sands in celebration of the birth anniversary the departed Father of the Nation and one of the outstanding figures of of the modern world.

The meeting which was held under the auspices of the B.P.C.C. marked the culmination of the Jayanti celebrations and was presided over by Mr. S. K. Patil.

Recitations from the holy books of all religions and the singing of sacred and inspiring songs reminded one of the prayer meetings held by Gandhiji almost daily during the last several years of his life.

THE ONLY WAY

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, Government of India, paying her tributes to the late leader said that Gandhiji was dead, his spirit still survived with them. In death he was immortal, and continued to be a beacon light to the enslaved nations of the world.

India's independence was mainly his creation. The path of truth and non-violence pointed out by him was the only path that could "justify the ways of God to man" and give peace, stability and order to a war-torn world.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur pleaded for the full co-operation of the people with the Government of the country in giving a practical shape to Gandhiji's constructive programme and help in eradicating the evils which corroded the vitals of India's body politic.

Rajkumari was ashamed that there should be a scarcity of cloth in a country which was taught the significance of the Charkha by Gandhiji. It was a tragedy that some women in Bengal should have committed suicide for the simple reason that they could not find cloth which to cover their bodies. She appealed to the people to take to Charkha and remove this scarcity.

INDIA UNIFIED

Mr. K. M. Munshi said that the greatest legacy of Gandhiji was the collective strength of the Indian nation. It was Gandhiji who had unified India for the first time in the Indian history since the days of Asoka; and he had done so by building up the great instrument of the nation, namely the Indian National Congress.

Mr. Munshi said that India had tided over the post-partition difficulties only because of the strength of the Congress. Bombay had been in the past the reservoir of this strength. It was unfortunate that some sections of the people in Bombay did not live up to great reputation which Bombay enjoyed in the past. It was because of this that they had lost some of the elections.

Mr. Munshi further declared "We shall be fit heirs of Gandhiji only if we strengthened the Nehru Government and all our provincial Governments. I have been hearing a lot of our people grumbling about our provincial Governments. This is only a sign of our political immaturity. India is passing through a crisis, and if the stability of our Government is weakened, if the Congress does not stand by its disciplined strength, chaos will face us."

PROUD POSITION

Mr. Munshi averred that due to the influential and towering personality of Gandhiji India had come to occupy a proud position in the international world. She was now a stabilising factor in Asia, and in a sense in the whole world. Its stability however depended upon the stability and the strength of India's Central Government. "If we fail by it we shall be untrue to Gandhiji", he concluded.

Mr. S. K. Patil stated earlier that Mahatma was considered by many to be an incarnation of God on earth. He had become almost a legendary figure, and like Ramchandra and Krishna his image would continue to inspire many a future generation.

The main Congress function came off today at the Robert Money Sschool Compound, near the Congress House, where numerous prabhat pheris terminated and a flag salutation ceremony was held.

PATIL'S ADDRESS

Addressing the gathering, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay and President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee made an appeal to Congressmen not to get diffident, but to work hard and selflessly to complete the unfinished mission of Mahatma Gandhi and strengthen the Congress organisation He urged upon the people and in particular, Congressmen to live upto the ideals of Gandhiji by adhering to truth and duty

Politics was just an accident in the life of Gandhiji, the Mayor said. Gandhiji had given to the world a new philosophy based on integrating politics and religion To him, both were inseparable. The successful battle for freedom had amply demonstrated the soundness of his philosophy and the technique of satyagraha.

Later, 200 Congressmen led by Mr. Ganpatishanker Desai, General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. and Dada Parulekar participated in sacrificial spinning

U. S. BUMPS UP A STOCKPILE

DETROIT, MICHIGAN, Oct. 1 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The United States will continue to stockpile natural rubber for use "in case of emergency" United States Ambassador-Designate to Ceylon, said here tonight.

American rubber policy could be defined as "support for the free movement of rubber in international trade, combined with support of our synthetic rubber industry to the extent necessary for national security", he said.

"Meanwhile we are stockpiling natural rubber against the eventuality that natural rubber-producing areas might be denied us in the case of an emergency."

DELVOIE INCIDENT

Abdullah Goes To Delhi For Consultations'

SRINAGAR, Oct. 2 (PTI): Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, Premier of Kashmir, accompanied by Deputy Premier, Bakshi Ghulam Mohammad, Revenue Minister Mirza Mohammad Afzal Beg and Maulana Mohammad Syed General Secretary of the All-Jammu and Kashmir National Conference left for Delhi today. While in Delhi, they are expected to have consultation with the Government of India on the Delvoie Incident.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

SOMETHING of the thrill that comes to a community when the railroad first comes, was seen in the suburbs last Saturday when the B.E.S.T buses started functioning, in place of the buses of the Bandra Bus Company. Somenow, the knowledge that there is a bus taking you straight from Jogeshwari into the centre of Bombay, is vastly comforting, and the red two-deckers ran through the main road linking the suburbs with the city, like so many rays of sunshine. In spite of my having had to wait for four buses and then catch a bus to Mahim, in spite of my being badly let down at night when I found at 11-10 p.m. that the last bus leaves Mahim for Jogeshwari at 10-22 and in spite of all I have read, heard and experienced of the rudeness of the B.E.S.T. men, the warm feeling still remains.

There is, moreover, something thrilling about the way the Government of Bombay took up the bus company's challenge and went ahead with the scheme. It is so rarely that the Government hits back; so often that we see private enterprise—neither private nor enterprise in this country—sticking out its tongue at Government; that when the Government does assert itself one is tempted to shout out at the top of one's voice.

Saturday was Vijaya Dasami Day in addition. Bhayyas, as our brethren from U.P. are called, were milling in their thousands to the North and returning back late in the evening. They filled the buses and held the queues. If it was a test day for the B.E.S.T., it was an acid test. The rest would be comparatively easy. The suburbanite too is an easy-going fellow who attaches more importance to getting along than to anything else. He is not worried about how he reaches his destination so long as he reaches it. And the trains have long inured him to standing, very often on somebody else's feet. I was interested to see how the enforcing of strict queueing would affect him. Saturday was difficult to judge because it was city men turned suburbanites for the day. But on Sunday I saw the reaction. At one of the bus stops, there was no queue but there was a fairly large group, sitting in a circle a little distance away from the stop, talking and laughing. Suddenly the red bus bove in sight. All the squatters rose and formed themselves into a demure queue. There was no quarrelling, no jostling. But we shall soon learn the ways of the city. For the present, civilisation has come to us and we are busy rolling it on our tongue and enjoying its flavour.

This might seem a little uncharitable to the many companies that have run the service so long But 'hen it was' more an apology for a ervice than a service that we had

SALE OF GOLD IN FREE MARKET

South Africa's Deal

LONDON, Oct. 2 (PTI-Reuter): Unofficial financial quarters here believed today that the South African Finance Minister, Mr N. C Howenga would soon announce a big sale of South African gold on the free market writes Sydney Campell, Reuter's Financial Editor

There were substantial, out unconfirmable reports that South Africa would get up to 320 shillings an ounce. That would compare with the post-devaluation enhanced price of 248 shillings and three pence for sales at the official price, the pre-devaluation price of 172 shillings and six pence.

This mention of 320 shillings an ounce, equal to 44 dollars 80 cents, aroused some surprise. The free market price, which was more than 50 dollars an ounce last year, fell to about 40 dollars after the Communist successes killed most of the Chinese demand which was the foundation of the market. It has since recovered, but is not known to be quite so high as 44 dollars 80 cents for a quantity as big as Mr Havenga is expected to announce.

SHOLAPUR SUFFERS HUGE DAMAGE

Rain Havoc

SHOLAPUR, Oct. 2 (UPI): A total loss estimated at nearly Rs. 34,00,000 has been caused due to the unusual rain in Sholapur district. Many villages at Sangola Akkalkot and South Sholapur Taluka were affected by flood and nearly 20,000 houses were damaged resulting an approximate loss of Rs. 10,00,000. Sowing operations have been held up, in many cases it has to be done all over again.

Arrangements are being made to dispatch iron sheets to erect temporary housing structures in the taluka places. The Commissioner of Bombay Government has visited Sholapur District to organise the relief measures.

First Cotton Estimate

NEW DELHI, Oct. 2

The first estimate of the cotton crop of India for 1949-50 puts the area sown at 6,22,000 acres according to the Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture.

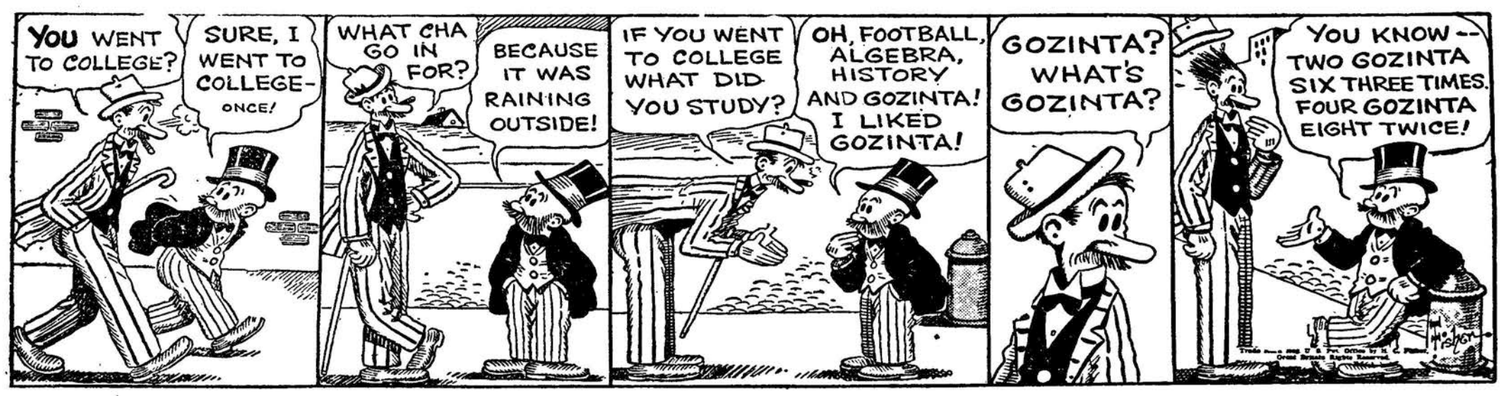
This estimate relates to early sown cotton and generally covers the period upto the end of July or beginning of August. It gives information for areas where such cotton is sown

The information relating to other areas where sowing operations are later, will be given in the subsequent estimates.

Pakistan Imposes New Freight Fares

JALPAIGURI, Oct. 2 (UPI): From October 1 the East Bengal Railways in Eastern Pakistan have increased passenger fares and goods freight at stations in the Indian Union under their management in adjustment of new exchange values as between Indian and Pakistan currencies. They are accepting only freight paid goods for booking at these stations.

MUTT AND JEFF—Anyway Jeff Shure Knows His Gozinta — By BUD FISHER.


YOU WENT TO COLLEGE?
SURE, I WENT TO COLLEGE- ONCE!
WHAT CHA GO IN FOR?
BECAUSE IT WAS RAINING OUTSIDE!
IF YOU WENT TO COLLEGE WHAT DID YOU STUDY?
OH, FOOTBALL, ALGEBRA, HISTORY AND GOZINTA! I LIKED GOZINTA!
GOZINTA? WHAT'S GOZINTA?
YOU KNOW -- TWO GOZINTA SIX THREE TIMES. FOUR GOZINTA EIGHT TWICE!

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